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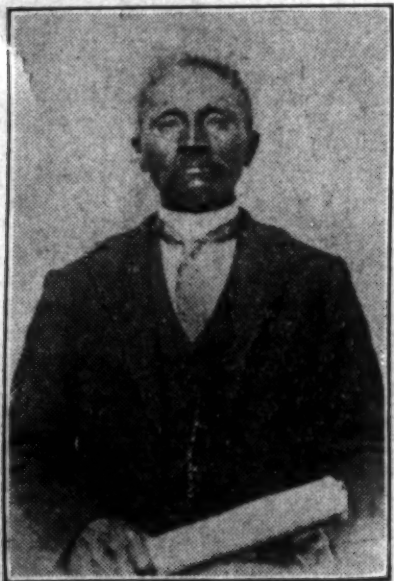
THE PERSONAL LIBERTY LEAGUE Celebrates Fifteenth Anniversary in Magnificent Style

History of One of the Race's Most Useful Organizations by Founder Charles C. Curtis—Other Eloquent and Instructive Addresses

The Guests Represent the Highest Thought and Most Substantial Achievements of the Negro—the Ladies' Auxiliary Brings Joy to the "Inner Man"—A Gala Occasion.

The fifteenth anniversary of the National Colored Personal Liberty League was celebrated in magnificent style on Wednesday evening, June 16, at the handsomely appointed cafe of Mr. S. Johnson in the Odd Fellows' Hall building, M street, northwest. The attendance was large and representative, the company embracing Negroes who have achieved success along substantial lines, some in the professions, other in the federal office and many in the walks of business and the industries. In the body were men who stand for the highest ideals of the race and nation, and the spirit of "personal liberty" for man, woman and child—the keynote of the organization was pleasingly in evidence.

At the appointed hour, President L. A. Wiles, of Iowa, the very capable successor of the late Henry Clay Hawkins, rapped for order and after a fervent prayer by Mr. L. C. Moore, of Mississippi, the "feast of reason and flow of soul" began. Mr. Wiles made a happy speech, in which he emphasized the broad principles of the League and bade the invited guests welcome to the hospitalities that had been provided for the occasion. Mr. Wiles plead earnestly for freedom of speech, freedom of thought and hoped the day would come when every citizen's personal rights would be respected and due credit would be given honest differences of opinion on the great issues that rivet the attention of the country. He was liberally applauded.



MR. L. C. MOORE.

HOW THE LEAGUE CAME INTO BEING

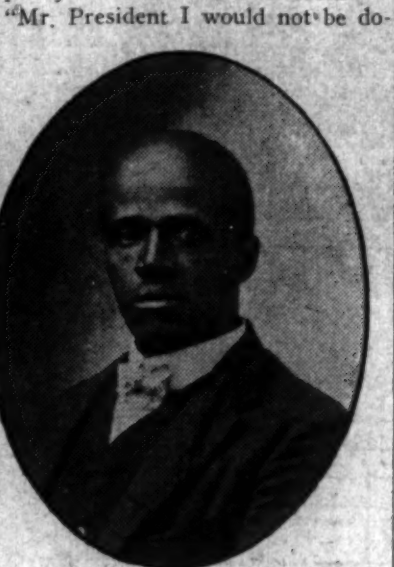
Mr. Charles C. Curtis, founder and national organizer of the League, was then introduced in felicitous terms, and the audience was treated to a comprehensive and intensely interesting story of how the Colored Personal Liberty League came into being, paying a just tribute to the late President Hawkins and to each distinguished gentleman who had been the guest of honor at the various annual functions. This occasion, he pointed out, represented a slight change in the usual order—this banquet was given in honor of the ladies Auxiliary, to whose loyalty, devotion and untiring industry a large measure of the League's success is due. Mr. Curtis spoke as follows:

ADDRESS OF CHARLES C. CURTIS, NATIONAL ORGANIZER OF THE NATIONAL COLORED PERSONAL LIBERTY LEAGUE.

Delivered at the 15th Anniversary of the League, June 16, 1909

Mr. Curtis said in part: "Mr. President, members of the National Colored Personal Liberty League. It has been the custom of our organization to celebrate its anniversary by giving a banquet in the honor of some distinguished citizen, and we have had the honor of having as our distinguished guest some of

the leading colored citizens of the country, and we are proud to say tonight that several of these distinguished gentlemen are present to celebrate with us tonight. Some of these gentlemen have been our guest of honor and others have acted in the capacity of toastmaster.



MR. C. C. CURTIS, NATIONAL ORGANIZER

ing justice to this organization if I did not pause for a moment and make a brief statement as to those who have passed away since our last anniversary. It has pleased the Almighty God to take from our midst our most highly honored president, Mr. H. C. Hawkins, of West Virginia, who filled the office of president of this organization with credit and dignity for twelve consecutive years, and words cannot express my feeling at this time when I see this vacant chair. We have also lost another of our good and faithful members and officers, Mr. Samuel Tinney, who was Sergeant-at-Arms for several years, and was one of our most faithful members. Now Mr. President we will let the dead bury the dead.

I now wish to call your attention to one of the most distinguished gentlemen whom this League had the honor of giving its first anniversary in his honor, and who has always been a true and loyal friend to Personal Liberty and has did a great deal to keep this organization alive, and I point proudly to his name, the Honorable W. C. Chase, Editor of the Washington Bee.

The National Colored Personal Liberty League was organized in 1894 with a membership of only 300 in the District of Columbia with the following officers: H. C. Hawkins, of West Virginia, President; James Edwards, Pennsylvania, Vice President; L. A. Wiles, of Iowa, Secretary; McKenzie Scott, District of Columbia, Treasurer; Charles C. Curtis, of Iowa, National Organizer and Financial Secretary; Charles Vessels, of Virginia, Sergeant-at-Arms.

The Executive Committee: W. F. Everetts, Pennsylvania, Steven Johnson, Nebraska; J. H. Anderson, District of Columbia; P. C. Hall, New Jersey; B. H. Baggett, New York.

The League was incorporated in 1902. Following are the present officers of the League: Mr. L. A. Wiles, Iowa, President; L. C. Moore, Mississippi, Vice President; J. H. Jones, District of Columbia, Secretary; J. H. Ellis, Georgia, Treasurer; Charles C. Curtis, Iowa, National Organizer and Financial Secretary, and Charles Vessels, Virginia, Sergeant-at-Arms.

This League has grown for fifteen years until we now have a membership of over 600,000 members in the United States, representing every State in the Union. Some one may wonder how this organization has made such a rapid progress in such a short period of time; my answer is that nine-tenths of the American Negroes are in favor of personal liberty, and any one twenty-one years of age of moral character and in good standing in the community in which they reside may become an honorary or an active member of the Personal Liberty League by paying the sum of twenty-five cents per year. This is not a beneficial organization, but it is the aim of our members to make it so January 1, 1910, and our books are now open for the enrollment of names, anyone paying the sum of twenty-five cents will receive an honorary or active membership certificate for one year, and now after hav-

ing made this brief statement as to the history of this organization and its object I now take great pleasure in presenting to you our President, Mr. L. A. Wiles, of Iowa, who will now preside.

Miss L. Beatriz Chase, an accomplished musician and a young lady who is making a brilliant record as an instructor in music in our public schools, rendered a piano solo, "Fra Diavolo," by Sydney Smith, winning an enthusiastic encore, after which Mr. L. M. Hershaw, of the General Land Office, Interior Department, spoke of "The Responsibilities of Personal Liberty," showing that while personal liberty was the just portion of every citizen, each citizen was charged with the responsibility of using that liberty with due discretion, and that self-restraint and culture should always be modifying accompaniments to intellectual, moral, religious and industrial freedom. He told some witty stories and put everybody in a good humor by his ever-present personality.

THE "JOY-SIDE" OF AFRO-AMERICAN LIFE



MR. R. W. THOMPSON.

The next speaker was Mr. R. W. Thompson, of Indiana, who has been for many years identified with the journalistic life of the Negroes of the nation. His theme was the "Joy Side of Afro-American Life." He told of the wonderful progress the race has made since emancipation, and gave statistics illustrative of the advancement of our people in law, medicine, educational endeavor, agricultural pursuits and the ownership of property. "This is the best age the Negro has ever known," declared Mr. Thompson, "and the future holds possibilities now undreamed of. The sky may appear cloudy sometimes, from certain points of view, but if the sunlight is sought, the bright side of our life can be discerned. From Valley Forge to Yorktown, from the Dred Scott decision to the emancipation proclamation, and from Bull Run to Appomattox were but a narrow span of years, as time is measured, and the Negro's seemingly darkest hour is but the forerunner to the dawn that is to come." Mr. Thompson spoke in complimentary terms of the absent Editor, W. Calvin Chase, who had been the League's special guest on two

occasions in the past fifteen years, and referred to his two well educated and talented children, W. Calvin, Jr., and Miss Beatriz Chase, of whom he and the race are justly proud.

A BELOVED SON OF IOWA

Mr. J. Frank Blackburn, the first Negro to practice pharmacy in the State of Iowa, and who at one time



MR. J. F. BLACKBURN

held the office of market master in the City of Des Moines—the first of his race to be elected by the people, was next introduced. Mr. Blackburn's speech was one of the best of the evening, and dwelt upon the necessity for optimism in the solution of the problems that confront us year by year. Since 1903 Mr. Blackburn has been an attaché of the Office of Recorder of Deeds, frequently acting as Chief Deputy. He is one of the most efficient men ever connected with this important office. He spoke in the place of Recorder John C. Dancy, who was unavoidably absent on account of a call out of the city.

"The Judiciary," was the theme assigned to Honorable Thomas L. Jones, of the District Bar, and "Our Constitutional Rights," was ably handled by Mr. John A. Lankford, M. M. S., the well-known architect. W. Calvin Chase, Jr., contributed a lively cornet solo, being recalled, and the exercises in the main hall were brought to a close with an original poem, "Just Keep on Climbing," by Lieutenant Richard E. S. Toomey.

AT THE FESTAL BOARD

At the table, following a delightful repast furnished by the Ladies Auxiliary, to whom reference has been made above, the principal address was delivered by Honorable L. U. Moore, formerly a member of the legislature of the State of Mississippi. Frequently interrupted by hearty applause, Mr. Moore spoke as follows:

Other addresses were delivered by Messrs. R. C. Scott, Sergeant Hayman, C. C. Carter, A. W. Samuels, George McKenzie and others, all of whom were enjoyable. Mr. R. W. Thompson expressed the appreciation of the efforts of the ladies to make the evening a happy one.

The officers of the Ladies' Auxiliary are as follows: President, Mrs. L. C. Moore; Vice President, Mrs. M. C. Curtis; Secretary, Mrs. J. H. Jones; Treasurer, Mrs. L. A. Wiles;

Chaplain, Mrs. Susan Cornish. Letters of regret were read from Honorable J. S. Sherman, Vice-President of the United States; Captain J. F. Oyster, President of the Board of Education; Commissioner H. B. F. Macfarland; Messrs. Samuel Penney, of the Central Labor Union, Senator Guggenheim, of Colorado, Honorable M. E. Olmstead, of Penn-



MRS. MARY F. MOORE.

sylvania, Honorable J. W. Norris, Cotter T. Bride, Congressman W. B. McKinley, Governor Judson Harmon, of Ohio; Congressman J. T. Lloyd, Governor T. R. Marshall, of Indiana, and many others.

The grand celebration of the fifteenth anniversary of the National Personal Liberty League will live long in the memory of every one who had the pleasure of sharing its bountiful hospitality.

TIME AND PLACE TO GET A HOME

The time is now! The place is Tuskegee, Macon County, Alabama!

Every man who is at the head of a family or plans to have a family should buy a home, either a lot in a village or a farm. Colored people can find no better place in which to permanently settle than in Macon County, Alabama, in which the Tuskegee Institute is located.

In the first place, the white people in Macon County are among the finest and fairest in the world. No racial friction exists, justice is meted out to black and white alike.

In the second place, there are ten thousand acres of farming land in Macon County, which can be bought for cash or on easy terms.

Third, if persons do not wish to buy, but wish to move into the County and rent, and work by the day, they can easily arrange to do this.

Fourth, Aside from the land scattered in other sections of Macon County, there are fourteen hundred acres of land in small tracts for sale within sight of the Normal School.

Fifth, the public schools for colored people in Macon County are the best, in our opinion, in the South.

Sixth, Aside from the Tuskegee Normal, Industrial Institute, the town schools, as well as the county schools throughout the county are in session from eight to nine months in the year. These schools are taught in first-class buildings, nicely ceiled or plastered, and whitewashed or painted on the outside, and nothing but the best teachers are employed.

Seventh, the churches in Macon County are among the best in the South, and the ministers are improving every year.

OUR DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSMAN FROM COLORADO

We the members of the National Colored Personal Liberty League, representing over 600,000 colored voters in the United States; an organization that rendered valuable services in the recent campaign in behalf of the Personal Liberty League take great pleasure in presenting to the readers of the Washington Bee the Honorable John A. Martin, of Pueblo, Colorado, who is serving his first term in Congress, having defeated the Honorable W. A. Haggett, the Republican nominee.

Mr. Martin is a self made man and is a true friend to the colored race, not only in his own state but of the entire country. He has made a great many friends since he came to Washington, both among Democrats and Republicans, on account of his kind and business disposition.

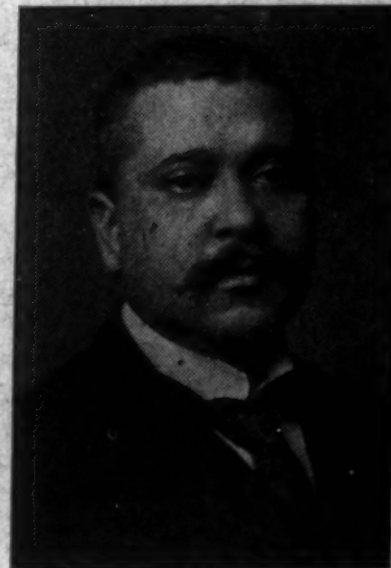
He believes in a square deal for all men, regardless of creed or color, and

he is now giving his attention to a bill that is before Congress known as the Old Folk's Home and Freedman Bank Bill, and he is making a careful investigation as to the merits of this bill, as he has received a great many letters from colored citizens all over the country and he has stated that if there is any possible chance to give the surviving heirs of the Freedman's Bank their just dues, that he for one will vote for such a bill. Mr. Martin has a great many friends among the leading colored citizens of his district, such men as Dr. S. A. Huff, one of the leading colored physicians of Pueblo, and Mr. M. S. Traylor, another leading business man of Pueblo are among his best friends. We feel safe in saying that the voters of his district could not have made a more wise and better selection than they did when they elected Mr. Martin to represent them in the Sixty-First Congress, and it is to be hoped that every liberty loving and thinking colored man in Mr. Martin's district will see to it that he is re-elected to the Sixty-Second Congress by an increased majority.

HONOR TO ANDERSON

The presence of Honorable Charles W. Anderson, Internal Revenue Collector at New York, in the city last week, as the commencement orator for the public schools, was the occasion for an outing to Washington Park, followed by a dinner in the evening at Gray's cafe, last Saturday. The outing was thoroughly enjoyable, and Mr. Lewis Jefferson, proprietor of Washington Park, comes in for much praise for the courtesy he showed to the party.

The dinner in the evening was one of the handsomest and most enjoyable affairs of its kind ever given at this justly famous cafe. It was a genuinely social and congenial party of gentlemen, proud of the opportunity to show Mr. Anderson honor. Mr. R. R. Horner, Judge M. Gibbs, Honorable W. T. Vernon, Honorable J. C. Dancy, Professor Garnet Wilkinson, Mr. Gilchrist Stewart, Professor W. B. Evans, Mr. Lewis Gregory, Mr. R. W. Tyler, and Mr. James A. Cobb, and Professor Roscoe C. Bruce responded to toasts, the latter to "Our Guest," the response being made by



MR. CHARLES W. ANDERSON.

Honorable Charles W. Anderson, in a speech that was replete with brilliant passages and sane advice.

Others present to partake of the feast of reason and flow of soul, and to do honor to Mr. Anderson, were: Dr. E. D. Williston, Dr. Sumner Wormley, Mr. Arthur Newman, Mr. James E. Walker, Mr. Thomas Clark, Dr. A. M. Curtis, Mr. Wyatt Archer, Mr. William Beverly, Mr. L. A. Brown, Mr. James W. Gray, Drs. Charles I. West, Mr. George Scott, Mr. Whitfield McKinlay, Mr. John Bruce, Mr. Thomas L. Jones, Mr. W. L. Pollard, Mr. W. H. Clifford, Mr. Saunders, Professor John Nalle, Mr. H. C. Tyson, Mr. Edward Williams, of Cleveland; Mr. Arthur Gray, and Mr. Z. P. Moore. Judge R. H. Terrell acted as toastmaster in his own inimitable way.

The Editor of The Bee, who was confined to his home by illness, sent not only in his own state but of the entire country. He has made a great many friends since he came to Washington, both among Democrats and Republicans, on account of his kind and business disposition.

Sunday evening Dr. and Mrs. Williston entertained a small company of gentlemen at their home in honor of Mr. Anderson.

DAYS GONE BY.

(Henn Grossmutter jing war.)

GA VOTTE.

JAQUES MENDELSON, Op. 16, w.

Allegretto. Rit. a tempo.

mf crescendo. diminuendo.

*Ped. * simile.*

*Ped. * Ped. * simile.*

*Ped. * Ped. * Ped. * dim. e ritard.*

poco piu mosso. non legato.

*Ped. * Ped. * Ped. * simile. Ped. **

*Ped. **

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*Ped. * Ped. * Ped. **

Days Gone By. 2 pp.—2d p.

Kenyon Coats

Are Ideal for Summer Wear

They are made in four distinct kinds. A coat for every purpose of most attractive appearance and you are always prepared for the frequent summer showers. The styles are adapted from the approved Paris and New York models.

Ask your dealer. If he does not sell them, write to us for style book and samples.

C. Kenyon Company
754-774 Pacific Street, Brooklyn, N.Y.

W.B. Reduse CORSETS

The Perfect Corset for Large Women

It places over-developed women on the same basis as their slender sisters. It tapers off the bust, flattens the abdomen, and absolutely reduces the hips from 1 to 5 inches. Not a harness—not a cumbersome affair, no torturing straps, but the most scientific example of corsetry, boned in such a manner as to give the wearer full freedom of movement.

New W. B. Reduse No. 770. For large tall women. Made of white coutil. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 20 to 36. Price \$3.00.

New W. B. Reduse No. 771. Is the same as No. 770, but is made of light weight white batiste. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 20 to 36. Price \$3.00.

New W. B. Reduse No. 772. For large short women. The same as No. 770, except that the bust is somewhat lower all around. Made of white coutil, hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 20 to 36. Price \$3.00.

New W. B. Reduse No. 773. Is the same as No. 772, but made of light weight white batiste. Hose supporters front and sides. Sizes 20 to 36. Price \$3.00.

Ask any dealer anywhere to show you the new W. B. "hip-subsiding" models, which will produce the correct figure for prevailing modes, or any of our numerous styles which are made in such a variety as to guarantee perfect fit for every type of figure.

From \$1.00 to \$3.00 per pair.

WEINGARTEN BROS., Mfrs., 377-379 BROADWAY, NEW YORK



A YOUNG LION SLAYER.

Boer Farmer Boys Make Good Shows On the African Veldt.

Three lions were killed near Pietersburg, Transvaal by the nineteen-year-old son of Josef Erasmus, a Boer farmer. It appears that young Erasmus was on his way to the Messina mine and had outspanned his donkey team, when his kaffir boy came running to tell him that three lions were tackling the donkeys. Erasmus seized his gun and ran hard in the direction indicated. On his arrival at the spot he found the lions lying around one of the donkeys. He fired and killed a big lioness. The other two jumped up but he was ready and shot another (younger) lioness. The young lion which was left ran behind some brushwood. Erasmus first collected his donkeys and brought them into safety and then more carefully approached the scene of the fight. In order to find out if the two lionesses were dead he fired another shot at one of them. This disturbed the surviving lion who thereupon came forth roaring. Erasmus was again ready and shot him dead on the spot. Asked by the Volksstem correspondent whether he was alone at the time, Erasmus replied: "Oh, no, Oom, I had my little Kaffir boy, with me." The skins were sold in Pietersburg.—Pretoria Volksstem.

Poisonous Brazilian Vipers.

Much is made of the lance-head viper, "the most deadly of all known reptiles," brought from Brazil to New York for the purpose of an operation which will give a serum that is practically extinct. There are several singularly interesting snakes in Brazil. The suru cusu is supposed to cause death in six hours. It is sometimes found nine feet long. Its skin is a dirty tawny yellow, with dark brown markings on the back. It is said to be attracted by fire but seldom to injure travellers. The fiercest of the lance-headed vipers is the Jararoca, and it, also, is a dirty yellow, but it is brown-black about the tail.—Boston Herald.

Birds, Fruit, Dead Leaves.

The Moki Indian women of Arizona have an ingenious and romantic form of coiffure. When young these women coil their tresses at the sides of their heads, so as to represent the buds of a native plant. This signifies that they themselves are in the flush of youth and of marriageable age. When they are married their hair is arranged to represent the fruit of the plant; while in old age their locks hang straggling down their backs, typical of the withered stalk of the dead or dying plant.

Answers.

Brides Older Than Bridgrooms.
The vital statistics prepared by City Clerk Entwistle of Salem shows that during 1907 there were 479 marriage licenses issued and 306 solemnized in the city, which is 13 fewer than the previous year. The oldest bridegroom was 63 and the oldest bride 50, while the youngest bridegroom was 16 and the youngest bride 15. Seventy-one brides were older than the bridegrooms.—Boston Transcript.

Vegetable Milk.
"Vegetable milk" is used in Japan. It is made from the soja bean. The liquid is exactly like cow's milk in appearance, and in taste can hardly be distinguished from it. To make it the beans are first soaked and then boiled in water. Some sugar and phosphate potassium are added, and it is boiled down till it has the consistency of condensed milk.

Valuable Relics.
At an auction sale at Christie's in London of the late Marchioness of Conyngham's art collection a silver ewer and dish, weighing together 90 ounces, a gift of George IV to an ancestor of the Marchioness, sold for \$21,000.

A Venerable Turtle.
A Massachusetts boy, Nathan Sampson, has found a venerable turtle which bears markings made by his grandfather, now 81 years old, which were put on in 1840, and by his great-grandfather, who marked the same turtle in 1816.

Slightly M.xed.
The story is now going the rounds of the country papers about a man who visited the paying-teller's window in a bank and asked for one of the new coins with "God Bless Our Home" left off.

A Healthful Occupation.
Bull fighters receive \$417 per hour, and the occupation is so healthful that unless killed by accident its followers invariably reach a green old age.

Newspapers in Persia.
Persian newspapers are reproduced from handwriting by lithography, no types being used.

Viennas Beggars.
Vienna has 32,000 street beggars, and many of them make a better living than workmen.

It has been estimated that a London fog weighs 1,000,000,000 tons.

WANTED-A RIDER AGENT

sample Latest Model "Hedgehorn" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere make money fast. Write for full particulars and special offer of once.

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We will allow **TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL** during which time you may ride the bicycle and keep it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to put it to any test you wish, we will return it to us at our expense and you will not be bound to make any purchase. We will allow you to keep the bicycle until you receive our catalogue and learn our unbroken record of **FACTORY PRICES**. We furnish the highest grade bicycle. It is possible to make a profit of \$25 on each bicycle sold. **DO NOT BUY** a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone but write us a postal today. **DO NOT THINK OF BUYING** a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and learn the prices we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with \$2.00 profit above factory cost. **FACTORY PRICES** and remarkable special offers to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue and learn the prices we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with \$2.00 profit above factory cost. **FACTORY PRICES** and remarkable special offers to rider agents.

DOUBLE THE PRICE. Orders placed the day received.

SECOND HAND BICYCLES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from \$3 to \$8 or \$10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free.

COASTER-BRAKES, single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at half the usual retail prices.

\$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY \$4.80

The regular retail price of these tires is \$2.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for \$4.80 (cash or order \$4.55).

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is light and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of this, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is \$2.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only \$4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented. We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price \$4.55 per pair) if you send **FULL CASH WITH ORDER** and enclose this advertisement. We will also send one nickel plated brass hand pump. Tires to be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of Hedgehorn Puncture-Proof tires on approval. The special introductory price quoted above, or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices. **DO NOT WAIT** or a pair of tires from anyone until you know the new and wonderful offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL

2+2=4

ONLY 4c. IN STAMPS for a sample bottle of the

FINEST FRENCH PERFUME

ED. PINAUD'S LILAC VEGETAL

Write at once to our American Offices. Send 4c. and we will mail you a sample of the most exquisite, delightful extract you ever used. Retail price 75c. for a large bottle.

— All Dealers —

PARFUMERIE ED. PINAUD, DEPT. M. ED. PINAUD BLDG., NEW YORK

COUNTERFEITERS' NEW SCHEME

How the Smooth Demonstrator Gets His Victim's Coin.

"One of the latest schemes of the counterfeit money swindlers is to show gullible people a machine with which they can print for themselves large size bills, imitative of Government currency," said Capt. S. F. Rhodes, formerly of the secret service. "This money producing machine has a smooth demonstrator who will, after getting a prospective victim interested, turn the crank and grind out a \$20 note, which, it is needless to say, is genuine. The victim shows the bill to a bank cashier, and hears it pronounced good, and his mercenary nature being aroused, he sees visions of gigantic wealth, and hands over to Mr. Sharp \$500, or at least \$250, for the instrument that is going to make him a Rockefeller. It is needless to say that the subsequent specimens turned out are such miserable imitations that they would hardly fool a blind man, but the ignoramus is in a place where he can't make a roar for his lost money."

The Swaying Skyscraper.

Through the chance of perfect adjustment in the way of balance, of a row of large photographs that hang on a wall of an office building down town the clerks in the place have a good deal of quiet amusement with persons who visit the place for the first time. Owing to this balance the pictures are easily swayed by the wind that blows through the open windows and since the office force goes in for fresh air the year round the pictures are never still. The joke lies in catching the horrified expression on the faces of the callers when they get a sight of the swaying frames. Then it is always explained with due solemnity, if the boss is not around that the swaying of the frames is due to the oscillation of the structure. It usually takes some time for the object of the joke to see the point. Meanwhile he has suffered a considerable shock.—N. Y. World.

Odd South American Animals.

Many curious animals haunt the marshy parts of South America north of the pampas. Frogs big and ferocious, given to making vicious springs when closely approached; the capybara, a cavy "contented with the bulk of a sheep"; the huge capybara and the swarthy piglike tapir are frequently seen. A long the forest margins troops of peccaries are often met with, occasionally the jaguar sometimes the puma, likewise that toothless curiosity, the great ant bear, long in claw, long nosed and remarkably long tongued. A familiar object is the great jabiru, a stork with a preference for the desolate regions, where it may often be observed statueque on one leg and eyed in prospect.—Scotsman.

The Ginkgo Tree.

Stories by Miss M. C. Stopes of the flora of Scotland have shown that the ginkgo or maidenhair tree, a native of Japan and China, which is cultivated in Europe and this country on account of its remarkable foliage, belongs to an extremely ancient family, of which it is now, apparently, the last surviving representative. At one time it seems to have been widely spread. A singular fact is that the fossil specimens of the ginkgo, found in the rock beds of the Inferior Oolite series, at Brox, Scotland, are so similar to the living trees that at first sight no difference is apparent. Only an examination of the structure of the cells reveals a variation.—Youth's Companion.

For Pressing Plaids or Skirts.

Plaids or Skirts which have been washed are difficult to press. Time and expense may be saved by having the work done after the following method, which is for plaid skirts especially: Before the skirt has become badly creased or rumpled run a heating thread, using short, even stitches, down the entire length of each crease which marks the folds of the plaids. By this means, after the skirt has been washed, the proper location of each fold can readily be determined, and the pressing done successfully.

Balsac in Church Pew.

The woman who had left a volume of Balsac in the church pew on prayer meeting night felt a little bit ashamed when she asked for the book, but the sexton assured her she need not feel that way. "Many things are left in the church," he said, "and some of them are a whole lot less respectable than Balsac. After each service the pews yield a strange grist of forgotten or discarded articles."

A Clever Bear.

A noted ethnologist observed in Vienna a bear deliberately making with his paw, a current in some water which was close to the bars of his cage so as to draw a piece of floating bread within his reach. These actions of the bear could hardly be attributed to instinct or inherited habit, as they would be of little use to an animal in a state of nature.

Quill Toothpicks.

The largest quill toothpick factory in the world is near Paris, where there is an annual product of 20,000,000 quills. The factory was started to make quill pens, but when these went out of general use it was converted into a toothpick mill.

KINK.

A Beautiful Hair Dressing and Tonic for the Hair!

Read what Madam Robinson, the Famous Black Patti, Queen of the Opera, says of Kink-in

PROF. ROBERTS, New York City, Dear Sir:

I have used your Kink-in for the past year and my hair is growing very fast. I find it the most delightful hair dressing and tonic I have ever used, altogether different from the many cheap pomades and vases on the market. It makes my hair so beautiful, soft, silky, and has entirely removed all dandruff and stopped it from falling out and breaking off. And enables me to do it up in any of the many styles that I use on the stage. It does all you claim for it, and I would not be without it. Yours sincerely, MME. ROBINSON.

Kink-in Hair Dressing is a delightful perfumed tonic prepared largely for the use of colored people; is guaranteed to be absolutely safe and harmless. It makes harsh, stubborn, kinky, curly hair soft, silky and glossy, enables you to comb it with ease and to dress it in any style that you may wish.

MADAM ROBINSON

KINK-INE HAIR DRESSING by supplying the needed oils directly to the roots of the hair tones up and nourishes the scalp, increasing the growth and giving new life and vigor to the hair.

KINK-INE HAIR DRESSING is for sale at all druggists for 35c per bottle. If your druggist does not keep it have him order it for you; he can get it. If not, send me 50c, and I will send same to you, prepaid.

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SPECIAL OFFER.—To prove the quality and superiority of our goods over all others, we will sell one full-size bottle of Kink-in, price 35 cents; one cake of Kink-in Soap, the best shampoo and Toilet Soap in the world, price 25 cents, both for only 50 cents, or six bottles and six cakes of soap for \$3.00. Special offer good only at the following stores:

Henry Evans, 928 F street north— F. A. Tschiffely, 485 Pennsylv— William H. Davis, 2001 Eleventh street northwest.

R. Ballinger, Prop 343 W 14th St New York City



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FOR SALE BY

MADE TO ENTOMB A TARTAR GIRL

Austrian Mason Goes Insane After a Horror Among Caucasus Tribe.

Odessa.—Peter Kavulitch, an Austrian mason, went mad here as the result of brooding over being forced to wall up the daughter of the chieftain of a Tartar tribe in the Caucasus in a living tomb. He was kidnapped in Baku a month ago, taken blindfolded into the mountains, compelled to build the wall around the girl and then was turned loose outside Baku. For a week he led a party of soldiers in a vain attempt to find the girl.

The girl was condemned to death in the tomb because she eloped with one of her father's servants. She was engaged to the son of a wealthy Tartar, and all preparations had been made for the wedding. She was caught with the servant after a two days' chase, and was tried at a family council. It was decided to build a wall around her and leave her to her fate. Kavulitch was kidnapped, and he was taken into the mountains to find the whole tribe drawn up to witness the living burial of the girl.

The man protested against the work, but his life was threatened unless he obeyed. The girl was tied hand and foot to a stake. She implored mercy, but her cries were unheeded. A circle was drawn around her, and the mason was made to follow it with a wall two feet thick.

of his head, and a small opening was made for air, so that her sufferings might be prolonged. As soon as his work was finished Kavulitch was blindfolded again. He was set at liberty with 100 roubles in his pocket. He came to Odessa and went mad in the street. He was taken to a hospital in a straitjacket.

A LOAF OF BREAD PUT IN TWO COFFINS.

Half Buried with Wife, Husband's Grave Now Contains Other Part.

Brooklyn.—Adolph Raad, who formerly lived at No. 110 Luquer street, was buried in Greenwood Cemetery, the coffin containing one-half of a loaf of rye bread, the other half of which had been buried with Mrs. Raad four years ago. The aged couple were born in Lutzenbach, Germany. They purchased a farm in what is now Flatbush, and as the city gradually encroached upon their farm land they cut it up and sold it until they were soon able to retire comfortably.

There is an "old German" custom of making a wish whenever a fresh loaf of bread is cut. On September 7, 1904, Mrs. Raad had just made the customary wish, and was about to cut a loaf when she dropped dead. The husband cut the loaf and put half in his wife's coffin. The other half was preserved in a tin box, the neighbors having been instructed to put it in his coffin.

ME-LANGE



Never fails; nothing like it for hair that is not naturally straight. Price, 25 and 50 cents a box. For sale by the following druggists: Board & McGuire, 1912 1-2 Fourteenth street northwest; Julius Mayer, Fourth and N streets northwest; L. H. Harris, Third and F streets southwest; A. F. Pride, Twenty-eighth and P streets, Georgetown, D. C.

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The Old Reliable Remedy.

For twenty-five long years—a quarter of a century—there has never been a remedy equal to Elixir Babek for Malaria and such miasmatic diseases. Thousands have used it with most gratifying results. Malaria is prevalent now. Do not wait for it to take hold of you. Begin the use of Babek now. 50c Bottle. Your druggist will tell you that Babek is the best thing he sells.

For MALARIA, CHILLS & FEVER

THE WINDOW SILL MIRROR.

Rarely Seen in New York But Plentiful in Philadelphia.

Every once in a while you see one of them in New York but not often. They're commoner in Brooklyn, but are nowhere seen in the profusion that you find them in Philadelphia. Meaning of course, those mirror devices people have on the sills of the second floor windows to give a tip on who is coming up the street or down the street, or more important, who is at the front door. They strike the average observer as rather provincial in idea because he thinks instinctively of the shut in person who's only pleasure is in seeing who's on the street. But they're very helpful in telling when a caller is getting near, so that the woman of the house has time to make a hurried toilet and be calmly waiting in her very best when the visitor comes in. Also they give a chance to sound the net at home warning to the servants.—New York Sun.

Some Valuable Stones.

The Emperor Francis Joseph owns the Florentine, which has an eventful history. To the King of Portugal belongs the Star of the South, valued at \$3,000,000; while in the Russian sceptre is the Orloff which once adorned a Brahmin idol, says Home Chat.

Such stones as these are so large that they are practically unsalable. No one person is rich enough to purchase them. Again the expense of cutting is enormous. The Cullinan diamond will require at least \$10,000 to be spent on it for this alone. Even then, the gem now 3,024 carats, will weigh some 1,200 carats, while the sections cut away will themselves form valuable stones, ranging from twenty carats downward.

Singing Pigeons.

The queer Chinese change pigeons into song-birds by fastening whistles to their breasts. The wind of their flight then causes a weird and plaintive music that is seldom silenced in the pigeon-haunted cities of Peking and Canton. The Belgians, great pigeon-fliers, fasten whistles beneath the wings of the valuable racing carriers, asserting that the shrill noise is a sure protection against hawks and other birds of prey. As a similar protection, reeds, emitting an odd wailing sound, are fixed to the tail feathers of the dispatch-bearing pigeons of the German army.

For the Knockers.

A new method by which the audience at a theatre can show its approval or disapproval of a play without disturbing the performance is being introduced by the Italian dramatist, Traversi. Before leaving the theatre every person is to drop a ticket into one of three boxes marked "good," "indifferent," and "bad."

A Fine Distinction.

While a small boy was fishing one Sunday morning he accidentally lost his foothold and tumbled into the creek. As an old man on the bank was helping him out, he said: "How did you come to fall into the river, my little man?" "I didn't come to fall into the river. I came to fish," replied the boy.—The Argonaut.

The Languages.

According to Mulhall's estimates 130,000,000 persons speak English, and 84,000,000 German. Russian is spoken by upwards of 85,000,000, but these numbers are far exceeded by the 380,000,000 to 400,000,000 Chinese and 140,000,000 or more Hindustani.

Shoo Fly!

You can put a mat in front of every plate but you can't make a fly wipe his feet before he walks on your food. The only safe course with regard to the fly is to exclude him from the house.

A Heavy Penalty.

The London Express mentions the case of a private who for failing to recognize and salute his officer was condemned to march past and salute a barrack pump for two hours each day for a week.

Trade Unions in Germany.

Germany's trades unions number about 2,215,000 members, which is 25 per cent of the total strength of the labor organizations of the civilized world.

Irish Linen.

The linen industry is the greatest manufacturing industry Ireland possesses. There is invested in it some thing like \$15,500,000, and it gives employment to 70,000 people.

Large Apple Tree.

What is reported to be the largest apple tree in the United States is at Southington, Conn. It yields 50 bushels.

Bounties for Rabbits.

Australia in 10 years paid out \$5,388,015 in bounties for rabbits at the rate of 25 cents each.

Fish Candles.

The fish candles of Alaska are being sent over the world in quantities as curiosities.

The average woman carries 50 miles of hair on her head.

Worry is one of the most fruitful causes of consumption.

WILL NOT UNITE PHYSICALLY UNFIT

Rev. Dr. H. S. Johnson's Strong Utterances on Subject of Ill-Advised Marriages.

POVERTY MARRIAGES DISAPPROVED

Boston Pastor Discourages Mating on Insufficient Earnings.—Those with Communicable Diseases, Inherited or Acquired, Should Remain Single.

Boston, Mass.—"I will refuse to marry persons afflicted with consumption or any hereditary or communicable disease if I have personal knowledge of such ailments existing, and I am also opposed to marrying divorced people, except in the case of the innocent party," said Rev. Dr. Herbert S. Johnson, pastor of the Warren Avenue Baptist Church, in this city.

"I do not think it advisable to marry young couples who are in poor circumstances. I believe, through observation and consultation, that a prospective bridegroom should have an earning capacity of at least \$15 a week before he should consider the matrimonial venture. This statement, of course, does not apply in all cases, for there are always exceptions, but I think the union of persons in the middle class in this country, who are in poor circumstances, creates nothing but a hell on earth.

"When I made the statement some time ago from the pulpit of my church that I would marry any couple that wanted to get married if they did not have the marriage fee, my remark was a facetious one, made half in jest and half in earnest, but I will gladly perform the ceremony for any unfortunate couple that might have sinned, free of cost, if they apply to me and give evidence of good faith. It is a pitiable sight in a large city to see a young girl carrying a babe on her arm without a husband to show his love, or a father to provide for her and her offspring.

"I was, perhaps, led to make the statement that I would marry all such couples that applied to me through a case that came to me not long ago. Our church is so situated in the heart of the city that practicality is our chief aim. I became interested in a young girl who had sinned, and I appeared in court in her behalf. She was dressed in mourning and carried her babe on her arm. It developed that when her aged mother learned of the sin and disgrace of her daughter, she committed suicide by throwing herself into the river. And that is why I stand ready to help uplift the sinners that are making a struggle to live an upright and honorable life, and our church will assist them in every reasonable manner, such as finding employment for the husband, etc.

"Now as to the marriage of young girls and fellows in meagre circumstances. There has been and is constantly being brought to my attention cases of hasty marriages when neither person is in a financial condition to warrant their marriage. Fifteen dollars a week is little enough to defray the expenses of a home with its furnishings, its doctor's and nurse's bills, the support of children and the mits that should be given to charity by all Christians. Of course, when I place the weekly salary at \$15 I refer only to the middle classes, that is Irish-Americans, or those of Anglo-Saxon extraction, and so forth. I don't refer to the lower class of people from Europe who can exist on much less.

"And in regard to persons afflicted with tuberculosis or other diseases of a hereditary nature to which man and woman are subject, it is my belief that a man or woman unfortunate enough to be effected with communicable diseases should be unselfish enough when they are aware of these diseases existing to be content to merely love the man or woman and not ask one to have whole lives blasted. It is a terrible thing to have children born into this world with the taint of disease upon them. Yet there are a great many marriages in this country in the course of the year when one or the other of the contracting persons is a victim of some communicable sexual disease, and is the cause of much misery and the loss to the United States of millions of dollars.

"I will not marry persons whom I know are afflicted thusly, and if there is any suspicion in my mind I will ask them frankly about the matter. A man should be as unselfish and sacrificing in such matters as the soldier or the fireman or the hundreds of other heroes, and it is their duty to humanity as well as to their country that they cast aside all thoughts of marriage when they know they are unfitted to become husbands and fathers.

"I have steadfastly refused to marry divorced persons, unless in the cases of the innocent persons. There are innumerable cases of innocent persons being divorced through no fault of theirs and they should not be compelled to suffer for the sin of the guilty."

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JUDGE STAFFORD'S DECISION

The recent decision of Justice Stafford, of the District Supreme Court, if it is permitted to stand, will give license to a great number of worthless husbands who refuse to support their wives. The Bee doesn't mean women who are unworthy of support, but worthy wives who have been deserted by husbands without cause or provocation. The Bee is of the opinion that Congress intended that such a law should be enforced by the Juvenile Court, but Justice Stafford thinks to the contrary. If the government appeals the case and no doubt it will, whatever the higher court decides the Juvenile Court must abide by.

WE SOON FORGET

"Ingratitude is stranger than traitor's arms," is an aphorism too true. Those who have been of service to us and have sacrificed all are soon forgotten. We soon forget those who aid us and elevate us to the topmost round of the ladder. There is a day of retribution however, and when it comes, it comes hard and strong. The child falls, the wife falls, the father, husband, brother, sister, and down as far as we are able to count.

It is always best to be thankful to those who are good and kind to us. That we may not forget, remember the good deeds of those who are kind to us.

EDITOR CHASE AND BRASS BUTTONS

From the Florida Sentinel
Editor Chase of the Washington Bee knows but little about the educational conditions in Florida. Editor Chase says:

"If this is an Agricultural and Mechanical school for colored youth, the students have no business being on military and dress parade. They should wear uniforms in keeping with their school."

Mr. Chase seems to be ignorant of reasons why the system of wearing uniforms is so very prevalent with the higher educational institutions of the country.

Uniforms worn by students in academies and colleges are more for the effect of discipline and teaching obedience. The aspiring student would in all probability prefer to be a ranking officer than a private, and to reach the position he must fight to lead his fellows in all the departments incident to a successful student's life.

Then too, uniformity of dress tends to inspire equality. It greatly dissipates the air of superiority, which at times shows itself among those who are more able to wear finer clothing.

State Senator Cone's jackassical attitude toward the agricultural college of Florida for colored youth was a direct blow at the ambitious Negro youth of the State and to cripple the only institution in the State wherein the Negro boy has an opportunity of acquiring an academic and industrial education.

Editor Chase is absolutely ignorant of conditions in Florida and knows nothing of the struggles of the race in an effort to acquire a knowledge of the common branches of an English education or industrial training

THE LOGICAL END OF LYNCH LAW

From a Washington Daily
The trouble with the lyncher is that he keeps his every apologist forever fashioning fresh excuses for illegal executions of criminals or suspected criminals. That is to say, that is one trouble with him—one among many.

The logical end of lynch law is contempt for all law and reckless disregard of it entirely and in all forms. A Negro was recently taken from a Florida jail and lynched, notwithstanding the fact that he had been tried for the murder he was alleged to have committed, found guilty, and sentenced to be hanged. Moreover, his sentence was to have been executed within five days. There was no fault to find with the conduct of his trial. He was promptly arraigned when caught, tried in order and with due regard to decorous and decent procedure, and would have been in his grave and out of the way within ninety days of the time the crime was committed—and, mark you, the crime was not even the "usual" one; it was murder.

What, consciously or unconsciously, was the isolated motive behind this mob's dastardly work? It had no excuse whatever along the usually proclaimed lines. There was surely no unseemly delay of the law to complain of. No further appeal to the courts was contemplated; the governor had even announced that he would not seek to interfere with the execution of the death sentence, scheduled to be carried out within less than one week's time. The one lone motive in it all was the mob's inclination to show its contempt for the law—its willingness to repudiate the law's authority upon the slightest pretext. That is what moved it to lynch this Negro. Split hairs as one may, and seek for other and better reasons, if one will, there stands the truth of the matter in all its hideousness. And it is the logical culmination of lynch law.

Lawlessness feeds upon itself, and waxes fatter and fatter as the diet is supplied in even more generous measure. It cankers the soul of the rich and the poor impartially. It produces a lyncher in Florida and a millionaire thief among the sugar trust kings in New York. The one breaks one commandment by taking human life without undisputed justification, the other breaks another commandment by employing false weights and measures in dealing with his fellow-man and supplying his bodily wants and necessities. And both are the victims of themselves and the taint of disrespect for the law of the land.

MR. TAFT'S OPTIMISM AND THE TROUBLE IN GEORGIA

Washington Daily Herald
In his Howard University speech Wednesday night President Taft made several optimistic statements regarding the Negro problem which are particularly interesting because of the present trouble on the Georgia railroad. The President said that never before has the future of the Negro seemed so bright, so hopeful. Conditions in the South are more favorable to the Negro than they have ever been. Southerners of the better class are coming to regard the Negro as one of their most valuable assets. Of course, much depends upon the industry and perseverance of the colored man himself. He can make himself valued if he takes wise advantage of his opportunity. Thus argued Mr. Taft.

A week ago the President's speech would have been taken as a matter of course. A week ago there was no quarrel over the colored men employed on the Georgia railroad. Negro firemen have been working for years on the Southern railroads.

But since the Georgia strike began the Negro question has been used to gather sympathy for the strikers. It has been given out that the strike is due to the discharge of some white men and the appointment of colored men in their places. "It is generally believed," says a dispatch from Atlanta, "that if the firemen win this strike, the movement will grow into a demand for the elimination of Negro firemen on all the Southern railroads."

At any rate, the situation in Georgia furnishes a rough idea of the difficulties surrounding the progress of a race toward the best things that civilization affords. No doubt the President speaks with authority when he says that the better element among the Southern white people are inclined to regard the Negro as an asset. But it is clear that wide difference of opinion may and does prevail in the

South as to the proper means of developing and realizing upon that asset.

OUR POPULAR DELEGATE FROM THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

THE COLORED MAN'S FRIEND

We the members of the National Colored Personal Liberty League, representing over 600,000 colored voters in the United States and a membership of over 5,000 in the District of Columbia take pleasure in presenting to the readers of the Washington Bee Mr. H. H. Flathers, who represented the District of Columbia as a delegate to the Chicago convention. Mr. Flathers is and always has been an original Taft man, although his colleague was known as a Foraker man. Mr. Flathers declared in all his speeches that Mr. Taft would be nominated on the first ballot, and the result of the Chicago convention speaks for itself.

He is one of the most able young business men of the District and is very popular among the very best class of citizens, regardless of creed or color. He is a true friend to the colored race and has done many a charitable act to further their cause, and we feel safe in saying that we voice the sentiments of the majority of the colored citizens of the District of Columbia when we say that it is their best wishes and hopes to see Mr. Flathers elected National Committeeman in 1912, believing as we do that a better selection cannot be made.

NEGRO WINS

New Orleans.—Frank Walker, a white man who had been named as legatee of a \$25,000 estate by Virginia R. Davis, a mulatto woman, was today dispossessed by a decision of the Civil District Court, which upheld a contest of the will made by George Campbell, a Nashville Negro, who is a natural son of the woman.

The court handing down the decision condemned Walker in terms exceedingly severe and emphasized the fact that his association with the Negro woman was in violation of the State law, adding: "And the public policy of the Southern civilization, the integrity of the white race in the South, demands the enforcement of the law."

Judge Allen, formerly of the Supreme Court of Tennessee, and who recently prosecuted the night rider cases, came down to prosecute the contest on behalf of Campbell.—Arkansas Gazette.

TRAINING THE NEGRO—FOR WHAT?

Says the Beaumont (Texas) Enterprise:

"The exhibition of the industrial training features of the Prairie View Normal and Industrial School for Colored Pupils, as described in the news of the past week, is most interesting, and speaks well for the management and the instruction of the school. Schools like this offer a solution of a great problem in making the Negroes a self-reliant and self-sustaining people, and the leaders of the race can do no better for their young than to urge and aid them to attend these schools and receive the benefit of their training, to the end that they may become valued members of the citizenship.

"There is work in this country for all who will work and know how to work, and the worker is the man who is respected, the drone never. The boy or girl who starts life with an industrial training has a capital that cannot be taken from him, and if his character is good he will make a place for himself. The pupils of Prairie View school who go out into the world with this class, if they remain self-respecting and loyal to the teachings of their school, will take their place among the State builders and will be accorded full respect."

The Enterprise is one of the best of the smaller dailies of the South. It is not printed in a great city—or, at least, not a large city, for all cities in grand old Texas may be great—and it assumes no metropolitan airs. What it says of the colored graduates of the Prairie View Normal and Industrial School, therefore, we take to be sincere, and to be accepted by the pupils, about to go forth into the world to make an honest living as a genuine expression of a representative Texas paper's faith in the future and the story it will tell for them.

We think the people of the South may well pause in somewhat anxious uncertainty while the State of Georgia determines just how far the Beaumont Enterprise is right in its optimistic conclusions in respect of the Negro and the place he may rea-

sonably hope to occupy in the South's scheme of things. Is Georgia going to say he is not to be permitted to shovel coal? And, if so, how long will it be before Georgia will say he shall not be a barber, or a driver, or a butler?—occupations he has followed in the South for years, faithfully, satisfactorily, and with credit to himself.

The Beaumont Enterprise's words are fair enough; but unless they find a responsive echo throughout Dixie, what shall they profit the Negro and his future existence? Fine words butter no parsnips, and the Negro is very much interested in buttering his parsnips nowadays, or, in any event, being permitted to enjoy the parsnips he is able honestly to accumulate within the confines of his own larder.

THE NEGRO POLITICIAN

It must be admitted that the Negro politician is a failure. He neither understands the philosophy of politics nor will he be taught its rudiments by those who know.

The Negro politician's ambition is for office and so far as his people are concerned he cares but little. The Negro politician is everlastingly scheming to injure those who may aspire for office. His ambition is for office and nothing more. If he fails to get an office the administrative power is all wrong and the chief executive is inimical to his people.

There are some politicians who love politics for the novelty and amusement realized, and there are a few others who believe that to the "victor belongs the spoils." This is the sensible politician and there is much wisdom in his philosophy.

THE BLACK AND YELLOW PERIL IN UNITED STATES

The white people of the United States has no one to blame for the Black and Yellow Perils but themselves. The Negro as history quotes shows that he was brought to this country against his will and forced to remain in this country until the War of the Rebellion gave him freedom. The Yellow Peril came here by invitation and like a great Roman king, they came, saw, and conquered. The recent earthquake in California gave an outline of the way the Chinks work in this country. Take the Siegel case for illustration: we are not surprised—some several years ago the New York papers came out and condemned the practice of young white women teaching Chinamen. In teaching Sunday School the Chinks require and get one pupil to every teacher—how much better it would be to have one teacher to one or two dozen pupils.

If these fine young white ladies would take and instruct young colored men, and in many cases young white men, there would be no necessity for these murders. The great trouble with the American people is that they will take into their bosom any nationality, and all combine to knife the colored brother who has been here for about 300 years.

The white people will find out in due time that after the foreign element in the United States gets through performing that the American Negro will be their best friend.

Between the Chinks and the Black Hand our American white brother will have his hands full. On the other hand the American Negro is a peaceful citizen of this great Republic and one of the most badly abused.

DR. SAMUEL M. PIERCE

There is no young man in this city who has made greater headway in his profession than Dr. Samuel M. Pierce. By industry and perseverance he has been successful in building himself a home and rearing two fine children; a boy and a girl.

Dr. Pierce has the respect of the people because he is reliable and honest. The people have confidence in him because they know that he has been a good husband, a kind father, and a true friend. Such eminent physicians as Drs. Curtis, Cabaness, Childs, Daniels, Sewell and others, speak of this young physician in the highest terms. Any attempt to reflect on him or to impress the public that he is not what he claims to be, will ignominiously fail.

ST LUKE'S

The Bee has always and has now, great faith in the business ability of Mrs. Maggie L. Walker, of the Grand United Order of St. Luke's. Miss Walker is the most wonderful woman in the United States, and a person who has the confidence and respect of every Negro in the country. An effort has been made in this city by a few individuals, under the guise of

being members of the Order of St. Luke's, to establish a bank in this city. It will fail, or rather it has failed because it had not the endorsement of the people who have money.

If the management in Richmond, Virginia, would appoint or send representatives from Richmond Virginia, to this city, giving them the authority to establish a bank among the people and officering the bank officers with reputable and business people, not all St. Luke's, there would be no question of having a bank in this city, such as never before existed.

Will Mrs. Walker, for whom The Bee has the highest respect, and in whom it has the most implicit confidence, consider the kindly and friendly suggestion of The Bee?

ELECTION OF OFFICERS

At the annual business meeting of the Epworth League of Asbury Methodist Episcopal Church, held a few weeks ago the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President, Peter C. Glascoe, First Vice President, Thomas E. Jones; Second Vice President, Nettie B. Lloyd; Third Vice President, Marie Thompson; Fourth Vice President, Blanche Langhorne; Hamilton Clark, Secretary and Mamie Walker, Treasurer.

PARENTS—TEACHERS FEDERATION FORMED

Flag Day was observed at the Alfred Jones School with the following program:

Following the children's patriotic exercises, addresses were made by Mr. J. H. Myers, whose address was eloquent; Mrs. Elizabeth Thomas, of Fort Stevens, President of the Citizens' Association of Brightwood, District of Columbia, who told the children of our martyred President, Abraham Lincoln, with whom she had walked and talked when he was defending the flag while shot and shell fell thick and fast around him at her home; Mrs. E. V. C. Williams, Principal of the Ferguson and William's Normal and Polytechnic College, Abbeville, South Carolina.

Mrs. A. Dean, President of the Original Citizens' Association of Patrons of Schools, in response to her plea for a greater union, a federation of parents and teachers was formed with the following officers:

President, Mrs. J. M. Layton; First Vice President, Miss Nettie Grant, Brightwood, District of Columbia; Second Vice President, Mrs. Hattie L. Green; Third Vice President, Miss R. E. Bell; Secretary, Mrs. D. Cardoza.

About three hundred new members were enrolled, representing the different parts of the city.

Mrs. J. M. Layton, Secretary of the Grand Army of the Republic, presided.

Mrs. J. B. Richardson is meeting with success in her efforts for the summer outing at Camp Pleasant, for mothers and children.

We think it would be a good plan in the reorganization of the committee to concentrate the fund as is done with the Children's Playground and other funds, making one of the sub-committees alone responsible for the soliciting of funds to help the general committee—placing at its head a person of influence in whom we have confidence.

AN APPEAL

Almighty God the ruler of this great universe,

Teach us to be men in deeds as well as name—

Infuse our hearts to hatred towards our fellowman—

And all other kindred deeds that blot man's soul,

And makes it a fit subject for that bad abode—

Let our love for mankind be measured not

By his earthly possessions nor the color of his skin,

But from the nobleness that dwells within—

Into all pathways scatter light

For those who walk at night,

Let our motto be: "Let Light Shine,"

Thus we lift up all mankind.

—T. Shirley Nelson.

NEWSY CORNER

It does seem that since special occasions for celebration are a part of the public school system, that we should have an assembly hall in every building.

The grim monster, death, seems to have played havoc with our teachers this year. We are pained to record the seventh death among them; that of Mrs. Helen Johnson Cheeks, the late wife of Frank W. Cheeks and a former school ma'am whose health began to fail a little more than a year

ago from the great strain of the work.

The deceased was the daughter of Mrs. Henry Johnson. She was buried from St. Luke's Protestant Episcopal Church, on last Saturday, June 12.

The closing song service of the season, of the Lincoln Memorial Choir was held in the church, corner of 11th and R streets, on last Sunday evening.

The same question is being asked about commencement tickets as were asked concerning drill tickets.

THE SIMPLE LIFE IN FINLAND

In the Summer All Classes Spend Most of the Time Out of Doors.

In Finland everybody lives the simple life in summer. They camp out on islands, in the forests, and always somewhere near the water, for everybody swims and bathes. Almost all classes sleep and eat al fresco at this time of year and the town councils of the towns in this progressive and altogether delightful little country provide public fireplaces and public bathing sheds in all places where the working classes go in search of fresh air.

But the simple life is by no means dull with the frisky Finns. They combine it with a surprising amount of gaiety. They eat, drink and are very merry in their picturesque little log cabins outside the cities.

When they are tired of bathing and splashing, they dance, they sing, they watch fireworks and practice gymnastics; they all become like children and are the very happiest, merriest, most good natured, most easily pleased and most healthy holiday makers in the world.

The Longest-Lived.

If you would enjoy a long life you should become a minister (of any religious denomination), or, failing that, a gardener, a gamekeeper, a farmer or a railway engine driver.

These, according to Dr. John Tatham's report to the Registrar-General on the mortality in certain occupations during the three years from 1900, which was issued last night, are the callings which offer the best prospect of longevity. At the other end of the scale come the general laborer, the tin miner, the hawker and the hotel servant, and about midway are the physician, the undertaker and the tobacconist.

As compared with lawyers, Dr. Tatham records, medical men die more rapidly at every stage of life, while as compared with the clergy their mortality is enormously in excess.—London Daily Chronicle.

Work Uplifts.

All business and all work should lift up, and not hold down; it should make free, and not enslave. It should ennoble, and not degrade. It is as honorable to make shoes or anchors as it is to paint pictures or write books. The shoemaker should learn the secret through his work of finding the sandals of manhood for his own feet. The blacksmith should learn, through the making of anchors for his great ships, to find the anchor that is to hold his own soul to the truth amid the storms of life.—Rev. J. W. Lee, D. D.

Where the "Good Uns" Are.
An American actor was once seeing London from the top of a bus. As they swung down the Strand he asked the driver to point out the places of interest. "Right you are, sir!" agreed the driver, touching his hat. "There's Luggit 'ill, where they 'ang 'em. A little later: 'There's Parliament 'ouses, where they make the laws wot does it, across the way. An' there's Westminster Abbey, where they buried the good uns wot didn't get 'anged!'"

Has Found River's Sources.
Dr. Sven Hedin, the Swedish explorer, states that he has discovered the true sources of the Brahmaputra and Indus. The Brahmaputra, he says, is the Kubi (sampo), which rises from an enormous glacier on the northern side of the northernmost parallel range of the Himalayas. The Marumchu, which has hitherto been regarded as the source, is merely a small tributary flowing in from the west.

Mahomet's Dove.
Some of the older historians tell us that Mahomet had a dove which he used to feed with wheat out of his ear. When the dove was hungry it used to alight on the prophet's shoulder and thrust its bill into his ear to find its meal. Mahomet, it is said, thus led the Arabs to believe that the bird was a messenger from God with inspired truths for him.

The Bad Fellows.
As bad as the man who parts with you with a "Bye-bye," twice as bad as the geek who shakes your hand and says, "Bye-bye, old man, don't take any wooden money," is the Bromide who greets you with a hand like a ham, and gleefully ejaculates "Howdy do; looks like the good old summer time, huh?"—Buffalo News.

HOTEL MACEO.
When visiting New York City, stop at the Hotel Maceo, 213 West 53rd Street, corner Broadway. Steam heated. Telephone, 803. Columbus.

B. F. Thomas, Prop.



Large crowds of people find comfort these sizzling hot days in the delicious ice cream sodas and ice cold phosphates that are served at the drug store of Board and McGuire 1912 1/2 14th St., N. W.

Full particulars will appear in our advertising columns. River View Park has been selected, but a subsequent excursion will be given either to Somerset Beach or to Washington Park, as the friends and patrons of the church may elect.

Miss Georgia Simpson, a teacher in the Armstrong Manual Training, will spend a part of her vacation in Chicago, Illinois.

Dr. G. W. Moore, a graduate of the Medical Department of Howard University, is practicing in Oanoke, Virginia.

Miss Lillian Burk has returned to the city from Downingtown, Pennsylvania, where she has been teaching in the Industrial Institute.

Mr. John Bill is the guest of friends in Atlantic City.

Miss Beulah Burk, a graduate of the College Department of Howard University, who has been teaching in Albany Normal School, Albany, Georgia, has returned to the city, the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Burk, of 427 New York avenue, northwest.

Dr. E. D. Scott, of 903 9th street, northeast, who has been quite sick, improving and will leave the city very soon for the country.

Master Raphael Braxton, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert A. Braxton, brother of Angela and Theresa, will be in the city Thursday for Fredericksburg, Virginia.

Lizzie Johnson, who has been sick, is improving.

Look out for June Brides.

All news must be sent to The Bee before Tuesday.

Mrs. Annie Warren, grandmother of Angela and Theresa Braxton, returned to this city from Charlottesville, Virginia, where she was called to the bedside of her sick sister, Mrs. Mary Scott, who died on the 14th of this month.

Rev. W. Bishop Johnson, pastor of the Second Baptist Church, left the city last Monday night for New York, en route for Boston, where he is spending two weeks.

Have your prescriptions filled at the drug store of Board and McGuire on 14th St. bet. Tea and You.

The regular annual excursion of the congregation and friends of St. Luke's Church, will take place on Wednesday, July 21st, 1909.

Don't forget the Excursion June 21st, by the 15th Street Presbyterian Church.

Mr. Charles W. Procter, P. M. of 1113 Lodge, No. 3, Masons, is sick in his residence 920 L street, northwest. He is a brother of Mr. Daniel Murray, of our city.

St. Monica's Protestant Episcopal Church, have commenced the erection of their church, South Capitol and streets, southwest, next to the Southern Settlement. It will accommodate

St. Monica's are holding a rummage sale at the church, F and 2nd streets, southwest.

Dr. Edward D. Scott continues to gain sick.

Rev. E. V. Williams, of Abbeville, South Carolina, arrived in the city yesterday morning from his home in Abbeville, South Carolina.

Dr. J. E. Shepard, of Durham, North Carolina, is succeeding with new enterprise.

EXCURSION, JUNE 30
The greatest event of the season will be the 15th Street Presbyterian Church Excursion to River View, on the beautiful steamer "Queen Anne," June 30. The Trustees have arranged all kinds of amusements for a day out-door pleasures, croquet, lawn tennis, base ball, etc., with the large pavilion for open air concerts on

the Potomac. Professor Hamilton's orchestra will furnish music. No overcrowding of steamer either way. The last boat will arrive in time to make connection with all car lines.

Tickets can be secured from Mr. M. J. Bonner, 1428 Pierce Place, Secretary and Treasurer, or any member of the Board of Trustees.

The steamer will leave her wharf at 9:30 a. m., 2 p. m., and 5:30 p. m., June 30. Don't forget the date!

Mr. Charles W. Anderson was banquetted at Gray's last Saturday evening by several distinguished citizens.

Register W. T. Vernon has returned to the city from the West.

Dr. J. T. Shepard, of Durham, North Carolina, is doing great work in his state.

The New Jersey Club, of Cosmopolitan Baptist Church, gave a surprise party to Mrs. Mary E. Roberts, its general regent, on her return from Petersburg, Virginia. Refreshments were served, after which Miss Ada Nelson, the President, made an eloquent speech and presented Mrs. Roberts with two very handsome presents, gifts from the club.

If you wish to buy a lot, a farm, or locate in this county on any terms for any purpose, please call and see or correspond with Clinton J. Calloway, Real Estate Agent, Tuskegee, Alabama.

St. Augustine's Sunday school held its last session of the season in the parish hall, Rev. Paul Griffith, pastor, presiding. After the singing of a few hymns, Father Griffith made an address to the children and the exercises closed with the distributing of medals and premiums. The medal for general excellence was awarded to Angela Braxton; medal for general excellence, Joseph Settlers; medal for successfully passing examination, to James Brown; premium for successfully passing examination to Julia Edelin and Mary Clark. There were many other premiums awarded.

MUSICAL

The Ninth Annual Musicale of the pupils of Professor R. J. Daniels, took place Monday evening, June 14, and was largely attended.

The pupils were assisted by Mr. H. Leonard Jeter (accompanied by Miss Mary Europe) Miss Laura Tyler, Mr. Nathaniel Guf and Rev. W. Bishop Johnson, B.D., LL.D., delivered an address and presented gold medals to Misses Mary G. Holmes, Beulah U. Monroe and Geneva A. Smith.

The rendition of every pupil showed the result of careful training and was well received by the audience.

The following pupils took part:—Masters Herman Thomas, James M. Jackson and Edwin F. Lark.

Mrs. Rachel E. Crampton, Misses Eunice E. Thompson, Naomi M. Lark, Ruth E. Minor, Pearl C. Barber, Estelle T. Bibson, Beulah U. Monroe, Rowena W. Lark, Teresa B. Jones, Geneva A. Smith, Mary G. Holmes, Emma D. Jones, Kathryn M. Jackson, Rachel C. Warren, Mary A. Taplett, Mabel M. Homewood, Ethel E. Man, Evaline Norman, Esther Tolson, Mamie E. Cauthon, Ruth E. Norman, Mary E. Royce, Clyde N. Scott, Helen P. Norman, Viola Wright, Anna Estelle Dyson, Mary E. Bailey, Amy E. Tyler, Sadie B. Tyler and Homezelle S. Walker.

Ushers—Mrs. Sarah M. Mouzon, Misses Luella E. Briles, Julia D. Somerville, Lavinia Norman, Lillie E. Beane, Alberta Lynch, Emma Norman and Geraldine L. Tate.

Decorations by Mrs. Margaret Somerville, Mrs. Sarah E. Tyler, and Miss Kate Robinson.

One good room, with the use of the kitchen for a single lady. Apply on premises, 1460 Q street, northwest, or Thomas Walker, 506 5th street, northwest.

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Colored Skin Made Lighter

The Chemical Wonder Company of New York manufactures seven Chemical Wonders which enable colored people to improve their appearance. These wonders cost 50 cents each. White people spend millions to beautify themselves. Colored people should make themselves attractive as possible. Colored men who use these wonders secure better situations in banks, clubs and business houses. Colored women occupy higher positions socially and commercially, marry better, get along better.

(1) Complexion Wonder Creme makes dark skin lighter colored, not with artificial white, but naturally; makes the skin itself lighter colored every time it is applied. Keeps the skin healthy, soft, fine. Makes any colored face more attractive. Improves any colored countenance like magic.

(2) Magneto-metallic comb, called Wonder Comb, can be heated before using and will straighten any hair. Will last a lifetime.

(3) Pomade, called Wonder Uncurl, uncurls kinks in hair and keeps it straight, lustrous and flexible. Wonder Uncurl heated into the scalp with a Wonder Comb will make the kinkiest head of hair look handsome.

(4) Wonder Hair Grow. Fertilizers in corn fields makes corn stalks grow, so this fertilizer rubbed into the scalp makes the hair grow longer, strengthens the scalp so it can hold the hair from falling out. It can be heated into the scalp with a Wonder Comb.

(5) Odor Wonder Powder instantly destroys perspiration odor. Thousands of men are barred from good salaries because of this unseen horror. Thousands of women are shut off from marriage and social life by this invisible barrier. People cannot detect perspiration odor on themselves. Every living being should use this powder.

(6) Odor Wonder Liquid is delightful as a toilet water; can be used with Odor Wonder Powder or separately. Surrounds the body with fragrance. A great luxury for those who can afford it.

(7) This pink variety of Complexion Wonder Creme No. 2 is called Shell-Pink. Gives lovely pink cheeks to light brown or mulatto colored faces. Light brown complexion with pink cheeks mark great personal beauty.

Information book free. Correspondence free. Please send your address. Agents wanted everywhere. Can start business with \$3.00.

Delivery free. Applications for agency considered. M. B. Berger & Co., 2 Rector Street, New York City, selling agents for Chemical Wonder Company.

Ross & Mundin, 100 20th Street, Washington, D. C.
Board & McGuire, 14th Street, Washington, D. C.



Know The Future

and write to MME. LOUISA, WEST INDIAN ASTROLOGER, and PHYSIOLOGIST.

Dear Friend:—My aim and work is to help others in health, strength and success of life, and I can benefit you. For a good business reading, and advice on all important affairs, and questions answered, fee \$1.00.

In sending orders please write address and date of birth plainly, and state whether married or single.
1712 Montrose Street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.

WANTED

We have an exceptional proposition to offer a colored man who has extensive acquaintance among departmental and District Government employees. Address Box C, Bee 1109 Eye street, northwest.

FOR RENT

3 rooms, 1 front, 2 back; furnished. Will rent single or in suite, 1224 You street, northwest. Single lady or gentleman preferred.

Professional Music Teacher
Studio 51 O St., N. W., Flat 2—Adv.

GASKIN'S RESTAURANT
Gaskin's restaurant, 320 8th street, northwest, formerly Gaskins and Gaines. First Class Services. All the delicacies of the season. Free Lunch from 12 to 1 Every Day.

ROBERT ALLEN
Buffet and Family Liquor Store
Phone North 2340
1917 4th Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

Wanted—Summer Boarders, by Mrs. Kate McGuire, Catlett Station, Virginia.

Ladies and gentlemen who desire a quiet place for the summer season. Terms very reasonable. About 44 miles from the City of Washington and my home is about 1-4 mile above the village. You will find my home very shady and pleasant. Good water. For particulars, apply to Mrs. Kate McGuire, Catlett Station, Va.

Mrs. Sarah Hood at Sandy Springs, Md., is prepared for summer boarders. Moderate rates. Good home.
Address, Sandy Springs, Md.
Jr94t

J. C. BAUMAN
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FREE!!

With every new subscription for one year in advance, The Bee will give a package of 100 visiting cards free. Don't fail to take advantage of this offer.

10 Cents for Sample COLORED SKINS MADE LIGHTER

If you send 10 cents in stamps to M. B. Berger & Company, 2 Rector Street, New York, they will send you a sample of their Complexion Wonder, and one sample will be enough to prove what it can do. They also wish agents in every locality and will help them to get started and guarantee them against loss. If you would like to make money, write to them.

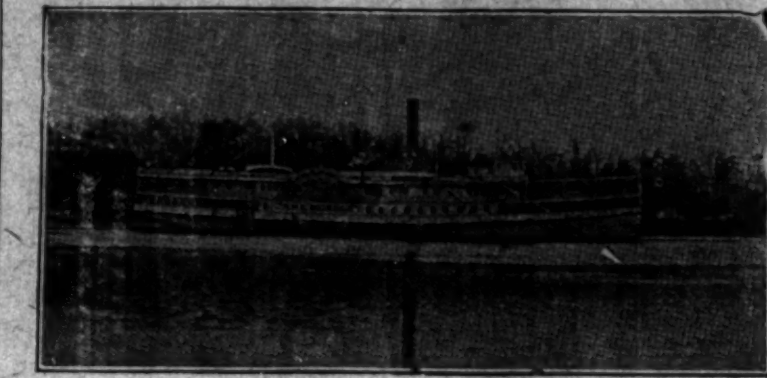
Send for The Bee if you want a live paper.

Excursion Season For 1909

Steamer River Queen to Washington Park.
Steamer Jane Moseley to Norfolk, Baltimore, and Landings down the Potomac River.

Books now open for charter on the River Queen and Jane Moseley.

Secure your dates at once, before they are all taken.



WASHINGTON PARK

This beautiful park has a collection of attractions never before offered to the Washington public. It is located about ten miles from Washington on the Potomac River. The Scenic Railway, with its electric power plant for 7,000 lights—a Figure 8. The Carousel, double-decker, with music attachments. A 5 and 10-cent Theater. A Penny Arcadium, Moving Pictures, Shooting Gallery. A Dairy Lunch Depot and Buffet. Dancing Pavilion. Pool and Billiard Hall, and forty acres of Shady Woods and Dells.

The River Queen makes daily trips to Washington Park at 10 a. m., 12 m., and 2, 4, 6, and 8 p. m.

For particulars address Lewis Jefferson, General Manager, Seventh and N Streets Wharf.

Columbia Ice Company

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Prompt delivery made to all parts of the city, by telephone or postal card.

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Her-Tru-Line

For The Hair

THE GREAT HAIR GROWER
HER-TRU-LINE removes dandruff. Cures all skin and scalp diseases, makes the HAIR soft and glossy and stops it from falling out.

HER-TRU-LINE penetrates to the roots of the HAIR, gives it new life and vigor, causing it to take on a new and rapid growth.

Large jars 50 cents at all drug stores and by our special agents. Sample box mailed to any address on receipt of five two-cent stamps.

Agents wanted everywhere to sell this wonderful HAIR GROWER.

Southern Medicine Co.
Box 754 Atlanta Ga.

CITY HALL LUNCH ROOM.
OPEN DAILY FROM 9 A. M. TO 4 P. M.
THIS IS A FIRST-CLASS LUNCH ROOM. EVERYTHING TO APPEASE YOUR APPETITE
COMMODOUS DINING ROOMS FOR THE PUBLIC AND THE BAR ASSOCIATION. HOT AND COLD LUNCHES QUICKLY SERVED.

CITY HALL LUNCH ROOM,
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We lay all Mattings without extra charge.

That 10%

Our graded discounts mean such a considerable saving that they are taken advantage of by many customers.

Cash with an order or within thirty days will give you a discount of 10% from the prices marked in plain figures on every piece of Furniture or Carpet. Often you may find it convenient to settle the account in sixty days—that will save you 5%. At the end of ninety days we'll still allow you 2 1/2%.

We court this investigation of credit prices. They are placed on every article, in order that you may compare them with the best offers of cash stores.

You buy on an open account—without contract, lease, or notes—without any money at the time—take the discounts later if you wish.

Peter Grogan and Sons Company
817-823 Seventh St.

TUSK—ELEPHANTS.

Ceylon the Only Part of the World Where They Exist.

What a sight for a Ceylon elephant hunter would be the first view of a herd of African elephants—all tuskers! It is a singular thing that Ceylon is the only part of the world where the male elephants have no tusks; they have miserable little grubbers projecting two or three inches from the upper jaw and inclining downward.

Nothing produces either ivory or horn in fine specimens throughout Ceylon. Although some of the buffaloes have tolerably fine heads, they will not bear a comparison with those of other countries. The horns of the native cattle are not above four inches in length.

The elk and the spotted deer antlers are small compared with deer of their size in India. This is more singular, as it is evident from the geological formation that at some remote period Ceylon was not an island, but formed a portion of the main land. It is thought there must be elements wanting in the Ceylon pastures for the formation of ivory.—Ceylon Manual.

Smokeless Coal.

A London inventor claims to have discovered a process for producing smokeless coal, apparently by distillation of coal at a low temperature. This, after distillation, is said to deposit a very brilliant substance, the heating properties of which are far greater than those of the original coal, and which is absolutely free from smoke and dirt. The inventor contends that efforts to overcome the smoke plague have hitherto been unsuccessful because they have been made in the wrong direction, and that by the extraction of the smoke-producing material in coal before being burned, he has been successful in producing a smokeless coal.

Electrocuting Animals.

The slaughter of animals for food by electrocution is being experimented by Dr. Ledue, a French scientist, who has been conducting his investigations in the French abattoirs. He has been using the intermittent low tension currents and says that he is satisfied that the system is painless, the central functions of perception being first destroyed and then those of circulation and respiration so that there is neither suffering nor reaction in the animals thus killed. The doctor is endeavoring to devise some piece of apparatus by which the killing of cattle may be accomplished by electricity with economy and cleanliness.

The Shy Man.

Women show no mercy to the shy man, for he stands outside of the compass of convention. Could he break out all might be saved; the man might be permanently cured. But he cannot. He has been brought up to respect convention. His muscles may be of steel, his heart of fire, but in his soul the spirit of diffidence holds him in a vice. In a drawing room he stands gaping, quaking, a prey to introspective torment—like who would perhaps storm a rampart with a triumphant mile of his lips.—London Observer.

Hanging Pictures Dangerous.

"Railroad casualties receive such wide publicity," said an insurance man, "that there is a common belief on the part of the public that one is more liable to accidents while traveling than when living the simple life in the confines of his home. As a matter of fact, statistics show that accident insurance companies pay more money to people who get hurt hanging pictures or taking stoves apart than they do to the victims of head-on collisions. It sounds strange, but it's the truth."—Kansas City Journal.

Three Men to Move Book.

There lies in the British Museum the largest book yet printed, a colossal atlas of engraved ancient Dutch maps. It takes three men to move it from the giant book case in which it is stored in the library of the museum. It is bound in leather, magnificently decorated, and is fastened with clasps of solid silver, richly gilt. It is nearly seven feet high and weighs 800 pounds and was presented to King Charles II. before he left Holland in the year 1660.

Valuable East African Forest.

The Colonial Office recently sent out an expert to report on the Kena forest, in the East Africa protectorate. He finds the forest extends 227 miles long by eight miles broad, and comprises 1,000,000 acres of timber. Taking the average value of the 34d. per cubic foot, this works out to £23 per acre, or a total value for the whole forest of £23,000,000.—London Tit-Bits.

Dead Historians.

I for my part believe in the dead historians. I glory in the possession of some hundreds of volumes by them. A great deal of cant is talked and written on this subject. There is an idea in some minds that a book on history to be good must be new. In nine cases out of ten the new book is a common-place re-statement of facts that were better presented by an older writer.—The Sphere.

A Man and a Woman.

A man's idea of being stylishly dressed is to wear something in which he looks atrociously bad; a woman's to wear something no other woman can duplicate.

WITH THE "BREAD LINE"

A Thousand Men Are Fed Every Night.

THE BOWERY MISSION.

At this Place and at Fleischmann's May Be Found the Men in Actual Need—It is the Aim of These Places to End Away No Hungry Person.

The two policemen who were standing at the corner of Canal street and the Bowery as I approached them looked me over when they saw I was about to interrupt their conversation. It was anything but a pleasant sight; the coat I had borrowed for the evening was none too thick, and the old shoes I wore were not waterproof. If my abject poverty was assumed, I felt a semblance of the real thing, for I was cold and tired after tramping up and down the muddy streets for an hour.

"Where kin a feller git a cup o' coffee 'r a handout?" I asked. "Two doors up," he said, indicating one of the numerous five and ten-cent feeding places, of which there are one or two in every block in this neighborhood.

"I didn't mean that kind," I replied. "I've got to find a place where there ain't a price on the grub."

"I guess the bread line at Fleischmann's or the Bowery Mission's the only place, then, Jack," said the officer as he turned his back on me. So I slouched along to 55 Bowery, where a sign in the window, reading, "Bowery Mission—Services Every Evening," indicated that I had found the right place. I looked in the door. The big room, filled with chairs, was dimly lighted, and on the platform at the far end, a man was moving some chairs around.

"Nothin' doin' yet, bo," said a rough-looking fellow. "They don't give ye no grub until 1 o'clock." This was disheartening, or would have been, had I really needed the food, for it was only a little after eleven. "I'm goin' up ter the bakery," the tramp continued. "Ye git your at 12 sharp up there."

So we ambled up the Bowery to Eighth street, and from there to Tenth street and Fourth avenue. Already the waiting line extended from the rear door of the bakery around the corner to the entrance of Grace church. I dropped into the procession which in a few moments reached up Broadway to Twelfth street. I had been in the line but a short time when a clock nearby sounded for midnight. The line began to move along and the waiting men on either side of me cheered up a bit. There was very little conversation, however. Now and then some of them muttered curses, and once when a sightseeing automobile stopped at the corner the curses became quite audible.

After the line of waiting men—over 600 in number, as I ascertained—had had their bread and coffee, most of them dispersed, though a few "repeated" in order to get a second helping. A number of them hung around until they could get a chance to ask the manager of the restaurant for work. But there was no chance for any one, though the refusal was not made unpleasantly.

From the bakery I went back to the Bowery Mission.

A thousand men are fed every night at the Bowery Mission—sometimes more. It is the aim at both this place and at Fleischmann's to send no one away hungry, but just now the demand is much in excess of that usual at this time of year.

One sees at these two places the men who are in actual need of food and drink. The street beggars are in nine cases out of ten unworthy of notice. But the man or woman who doubts the distress—the real need of food among the unemployed—should spend a couple of hours at the two places I have described, and he or she will be convinced that there is no lack of opportunity for the offices of the Good Samaritan, and no excessive crowding in the ranks of helpers of unfortunate humanity.

RODERIC C. PENFIELD.

Bronze Statue of Schiller.
The bronze statue of Schiller by Hermann Matzen, which is to be erected in Cleveland by German citizens, has been completed in Berlin. The poet is seated in an arm chair. A Berlin paper is quoted as remarking apropos that "the German who goes to America becomes an American in all that the word implies, but even unto the third generation he is loyal to German poetry and German song."

Good Roads.

Out of the 900 towns in the State of New York, 600 have voted to have their roads built under the Puller-Plank Act, or as it is generally called, the money system. The matter is now optional with the towns, but in the opinion of persons who have given the matter considerable attention the idea of making it compulsory is favored.—Good Roads Magazine.

The Erzberg, Austria's iron mountain, will furnish ore for 1,000 years.

SELLS HIS BLOOD AT BARGAIN RATE

Man Charges \$10 to Give Up 15 Ounces of Life Fluid to Save Boy's Life.

PATIENT'S FATHER CLOSES DEAL

Transfusion Operation is Made as Soon as the Bargain Between Buyer and Seller Was Struck—Man and Boy Eyed Each Other During Operation.

New York City.—Human blood went at bargain-counter prices in Bellevue Hospital when for \$10 a guest of Mills Hotel No. 3 sold fifteen ounces of his life fluid, thereby probably saving the life of John Dennison, 15 years old, a patient suffering from malignant growth on the right leg. There was nothing heroic about the manner in which the man sold his blood. It was purely a business proposition. The Mills Hotel man needed the ten-spot and felt he could spare the blood. The father of the patient, though poor, felt he could spare the \$10 in view of his son's need for the fresh blood.

Striking a bargain between buyer and seller was easy. Dennison's father went to Mills Hotel No. 3 and announced he was in the market for human blood. He explained that his son was in Bellevue Hospital and that the surgeons were anxious to transfuse the blood of a healthy person into the body of the boy.

"The doctors want a strong man who is healthy in every way," the father explained.

A guest registered as Mark Owen, who refused to tell anything further about himself, stepped forward, and remarked he would like to know more about it.

Big, broad-shouldered, with the glow of health in his cheeks, he looked as if he would pass the test of the physicians.

"I guess you'll do," said Dennison.

"How much blood do you want?" asked Owen.

"Fifteen ounces."

"How much do I get?"

"Ten dollars."

"I'm your man," and the bargain was struck. The rate was 66 2-3 cents an ounce.

Up to Bellevue Hospital marched Dennison and Owen. The surgeons examined the man who was willing to sell fifteen ounces of his blood for \$10, and told him he would do. The nature of the operation then was explained to him.

He was told that the patient was suffering from what is known as sarcoma, a malignant growth. To save the boy's life it was necessary to take from his body about sixteen ounces of the impure blood and transfuse in the body about fifteen ounces of healthy fluid.

"I don't want to be chloroformed during the operation," Owen said.

"No anaesthetics will be given," replied one of the surgeons. "We'll deaden the pain by an injection of cocaine."

"Go ahead," said Owen. "I'm ready."

Dennison was placed on the operating table and Owen was laid on another table. Between the two was a narrow table upon which the boy and the man each placed an arm.

The surgeons made an incision in the boy's upper arm and blood was permitted to flow from the upper part of the median vein, while the lower part was closed. In this way the boy was relieved of about sixteen ounces of his impure and un-nourished blood. An incision then was made in the forearm of the man.

The surgeons rapidly connected the lower ligament of the man's radial artery with the upper vein of the boy's arm, and the blood of the man began to pass into the body of the boy.

Dennison and Owen watched each other coolly throughout the operation. Not a whimper came from the boy, not a groan from the man. When the operation was over the boy's temperature showed marked improvement.

Owen was weak after the operation. He took a stimulant and then left the hospital, not forgetting, of course, to collect his \$10 before leaving.

BURGULARS' GAZETTE IN RUSSIA.

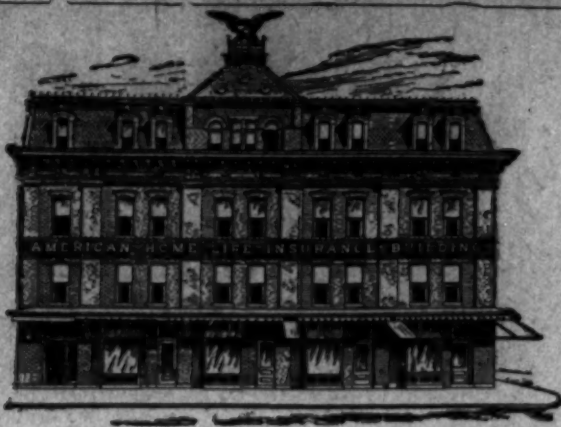
"Trades Paper" Contains All the News of the "Craft."

St. Petersburg.—A "trade paper" for burglars is now published in St. Petersburg. It is called the "Bostat-ska Gazette," or the "Barefooted Gazette"—the title being apparently an allusion to the stealthy ways of its readers.

The paper contains full reports of the latest thefts and burglaries, articles by experts on the art of burglary and what to avoid in pursuing it, and columns of advice and hints to help the beginner. Naturally the paper is published in strict secrecy, but the police will sooner or later discover its printing office and suppress it.

Paris Abates a Nuisance.

The Paris prefect of police has decided that in future no more licenses to play barrel organs in that city will be granted.



SICK AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE UP TO \$25.00 PER WEEK
WHOLE LIFE INSURANCE ON VERY LIBERAL TERMS
PAYABLE ONE HOUR AFTER DEATH.
AMERICAN HOME LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
FIFTH AND G STREETS N. W. Washington, D. C.

WORTH ADVERTISING FOR.

There are 5,499 Negroes employed here in Washington by the Government alone, and these 5,499 Negroes draw salaries aggregating \$3,044,404. These more than three millions of dollars are spent right here in Washington, but scattered among the hundreds of tradesmen. Is this amount of money worth bidding for? It certainly is, and not even the largest stores in this city would refuse to get the big end of it did they but realize how much money the Negroes are really spending.

Now The Bee is the only Negro publication in this city. It stands without a rival or competitor, and covers the field like a blanket. If a few of the merchants in this city will patronize the advertising columns of The Bee, presenting the attractive bargains they may have, these Negroes—these 5,499 Negroes who draw annually from the Government over three millions of dollars—will assume that by patronizing a publication edited and operated by one of their race that such firms desire and deserve their patronage. And such firms will receive the bulk of these over three millions of dollars received and spent by the Negroes of Washington.

What clothing stores, what furniture stores, what dry goods stores and what other lines of business will now make an effort to divert to themselves these over three millions of dollars spent by Washington Negroes by advertising in The Bee?

Place your advertising in The Bee and watch these 5,499 appreciative Negroes spend their over three millions of dollars with you.

Now is the time to advertise in The Bee, the newspaper that goes into every Negro home in Washington. Remember, merchants of Washington, it's what advertising pays you, not what it costs.

DEATH TRAP FOR BIRDS.

Lighthouses on the Maine Coast Attract and Kill Thousands.

One of the keepers who came ashore from Boon Island recently tells the story of the strange death encountered by thousands of the migrating birds every spring. Flying along the coast at night they are instantly attracted by the powerful light from the watch tower, as moths are drawn to a candle. Thousands of these birds in their passage north fly with full force against the thick glass of the brilliantly lighted lantern. Stunned to death they fall to the rocks below or scale away for a little distance and flutter helplessly into the water. The light of morning sometimes reveals the rocks covered with the little creatures whose journey to their summer homes has met this sudden and fatal termination. Hundreds of species are found among the unfortunate little tourists. Most of them are easily recognized as belonging to the various common classes of song birds. But very often large birds of beautiful plumage come to their final resting place in this manner upon the bleak rocks, of Boon Island. On one occasion several years ago the thick glass of the lantern was shattered to atoms by the impact of some strange bird of powerful bill.—York Transcript.

Fires Started by Moths.

Moths and flames are universally connected, yet few people suspect that danger could arise therefrom. The insects are of such frail structure that generally they get destroyed before it is possible for them to inflict injury, and it is hardly creditable that the wings would ignite and retain the flames long enough to enable the moth to fly to its surroundings. That, however, has occurred. The moth was a very large one and its wings must have been very dry, so that when it floundered through the flame it set fire to one wing and darted out to a curtain nearby which at once flared up. It is possible that many summer evening fires in the country could be attributed to a source of this kind. It is notorious that mysterious fires often arise at sunset in the hot months.—Strand Magazine.

As History Might Be Taught.

Another way of teaching history which the schools might adopt has apparently not appealed to them. A good newspaper, if the teacher knows how to interpret its daily record, may stimulate an interest in history itself. If the pupil can be taught the continuity and relation of events, an awakened interest in the daily happenings will arouse a desire to trace them back through preceding stages. It is the break in continuity between the past and the immediate present that deadens enthusiasm. By studying history backward from the immediate present this chasm would be bridged and the passion for tracing to cause stimulated.—Boston Transcript.

STRATEGICAL USES OF T. TA.

The Clever Little Weasel and His Means of Defense.

Take another of our animals, a fierce little weasel, clad in summer in a coat of brown, in winter turning white, but always with a jet black tip to the tail. The ermine, as it is incorrectly called in its winter coat, has an easy time of it, sneaking upon the mice and birds upon which it preys, but when a hawk takes after it in an open field in the sunlight or at owl in the moonlight, it would have but short shrift with all its sinuous leaping, were it not that the black tail tip is so conspicuous that it constantly attracts the eye and allows the pure white of the body to be confused with the snow. Even when we place a dead weasel on the snow and look at it from a distance, we realize how true this is, and how valuable must be the pencil tufts of black hairs to this little vermin who spends his life in hunting or being hunted.—The Outing Magazine.

Everyone of Them a Bird.

A current newspaper item is as follows: "The wife of a Methodist minister in West Virginia, has been married three times. Her maiden name was Partridge; her first husband was named Robin; her second husband, Sparrow; and the present one's name is Quail. There are now two young Robins, one Sparrow, and three little Quails in the family. One grandfather was a Swan, and another was a Jay; but he's dead and now a bird of Paradise. "They live on Hawk-ave., Eagleville, Canary Islands, and the fellow who wrote this article is a lyre bird and an interesting relative of the family."

Arctic Dog Life.

Nowhere in the world has the dog such unrestricted right of way as in our most northerly possession—Alaska. In winter, when the more than 60,000 square miles of territory are sealed up in solid ice, dogs are almost the sole means of getting from place to place—in fact, they seem necessary to life itself.

The aristocrats of Arctic dog life are the mail teams in the service of the United States Government. They are to-day a superior breed to the dogs employed some half dozen years ago before great gold discoveries demanded increased mail service.—St. Nicholas.

Names that Don't Name.

Many chemical names convey no exact idea of the things they stand for. Oil of vitriol is no oil, neither are oils of turpentine and kerosene. Copperas is an iron compound and contains no copper. Salts of lemon is the extremely poisonous oxalic acid. Carbolic acid is not an acid, but an alcohol. Cobalt contains none of that metal but arsenic. Soda water has no trace of soda, and sugar of lead has no sugar; cream of tartar has nothing of cream, nor milk of lime any milk. German silver has no silver and blacklead no lead.

Dogs Around Blacksmith Shops.

Two or three dogs are nearly always to be found loafing about every blacksmith shop. This fact is so well recognized that detectives when sent out after valuable dogs that have been lost invariably visit first all the blacksmith shops in the neighborhood. The reason why dogs visit the blacksmith shops is that they love inordinately the odor and the taste of burning hoofs. They sniff the odor as a woman sniffs a rose, and they eat the hoof parings as a gourmet eats truffles.—Minneapolis Journal.

Supply of Gold.

It is mainly from Africa, America and Australia that the world draws its supply of gold, some \$400,000,000 worth won regularly every year. Africa leads with about \$150,000,000; next comes the United States with about \$95,000,000; Australia ranks third with some \$85,000,000, while Russia, both in Europe and Asia, Mexico, Canada and several other countries, make up the remainder.

A Long Sleep.

An astonishing trance case has come to light in Berlin. A clerk, aged 46—a healthy normal man—suddenly fell asleep in June 1904. All efforts to awaken him were unsuccessful and the sleeper since then has never opened his eyes. He breathes regularly and swallows his food mechanically, but is insensible to the severest attempts to arouse him.

Lace Curtains.

Lace window curtains should always be soaked for an hour in cold water to which a little borax has been added, before being put into warm suds. This gets out the smoky smell that is sometimes so noticeable in curtains that have been used in a city.

Life in Germany.

Every one who has travelled in Germany is familiar with the word "verboten"—forbidden. He finds it verboten to almost everything which he thinks he has been accustomed to do in the United States.—Chicago Standard.

A Valuable Relic.

A thirteenth century copper and gilt chalice, supposed to have come from Malmesbury abbey, was sold by auction in London for \$30,000.

Mme. Davis,



BORN CLAIRVOYANT AND CARD READER TELLS ABOUT BUSINESS.

1228 25th St. N.W., Washington, D. C.
Gives Luck to All.
N. B.—No letters answered unless accompanied by stamp.
N. B.—Mention The Bee.

THE NIGHT RIDERS AIDED KENTUCKY

Original Organization Did Away
with Toll Gates and Brought
About Good Roads.

COMPANIES DISOBEYED THE LAW

Crimes Committed Now Are by
Gangs Hiding Behind Name of Old
Association Which Caused the
Abolishment of the Turnpike Com-
panies.

Louisville, Ky.—There has not
been, it is said, a crime of mob violence
committed in this State, in
Tennessee, or, in fact, in any of the
Southern States or in any of the
Middle Western States in the past
several years, with the exception of the
occasional lynching of a negro
by a mob, that has not been should-
ered on the Night Riders.

The Night Riders were an organ-
ized body back in 1900, when the
State Legislature passed a law do-
ing away with private ownership of
State roads. For months the turn-
pike corporations refused to obey
the State laws. They appealed to the
State Supreme Court, then to the
Court of Appeals, and lastly to the
United States Supreme Court, and
on each appeal they would get a
stay, which made it possible for
them to continue running their toll
gates and charging two cents a mile
for every horse or vehicle that passed
over their property.

Because of the law's delay the
condition of the roads became im-
passable. The owners of the turn-
pikes would not expend one cent
for improvements as long as there
was question of their losing their
property by a final court decision,
but they did not cease to molest trav-
elers. All this while they refused
to accept the fair price offered by
the State for their roads.

It was then that the Night Riders
were organized. The organization
spread from Shelby County to every
part of the State, and one night in
the late fall men rode from their
homes and began burning toll gates.
There is no record of a toll gate
keeper being injured unless he showed
resistance. Then he was taken
from the house, and if he continued
to be defiant he was flogged. In
ninety-nine cases out of a hundred
the toll gate keeper was glad to give
up his job and let the gate burn.

Night Riders undoubtedly brought
the turnpike corporations to terms.
There was not a toll gate left stand-
ing in the State of Kentucky by the
following spring. Had the taxpay-
ers and farmers been contented to
allow the law to take its never end-
ing course the chances are that toll
gates would still be holding up trav-
elers on the State roads to-day,
and that the roads would have been
worse now than they were when the
Night Riders became organized.

The Kentucky roads now are
among the best in the United States.
There are not millions of dollars of
watered stock on which to pay in-
terest, and the State tax has improv-
ed them and even made it possible
for almost all of them to be sprink-
led with oil during the summer
season, thus laying the dust.

The success of the Night Riders
in the war against toll gates led to
an organization of a similar char-
acter when the fight was waged
against the American Tobacco Com-
pany. But out of this last organiza-
tion grew a body of violent
men, who live on excitement and
thrive on lawlessness. Then sprang
up, too, lawless bodies of men in
many of the Southern and Middle
Western States, who chose to call
themselves Night Riders, though the
probabilities are that 99 per cent.
of the men didn't own so much as a
horse to ride.

If a list of the original body of
Night Riders could be had the
chances are that the names of many
men who figured in the operations
of the old Ku-Klux gang would be
found, and if this list were sifted
down it would show that many prop-
erty-owners and men of prominence
had resorted to violence because of
their belief that action was their
only safeguard against ruin, and
that a defiance of law had to be met
by a like defiance.

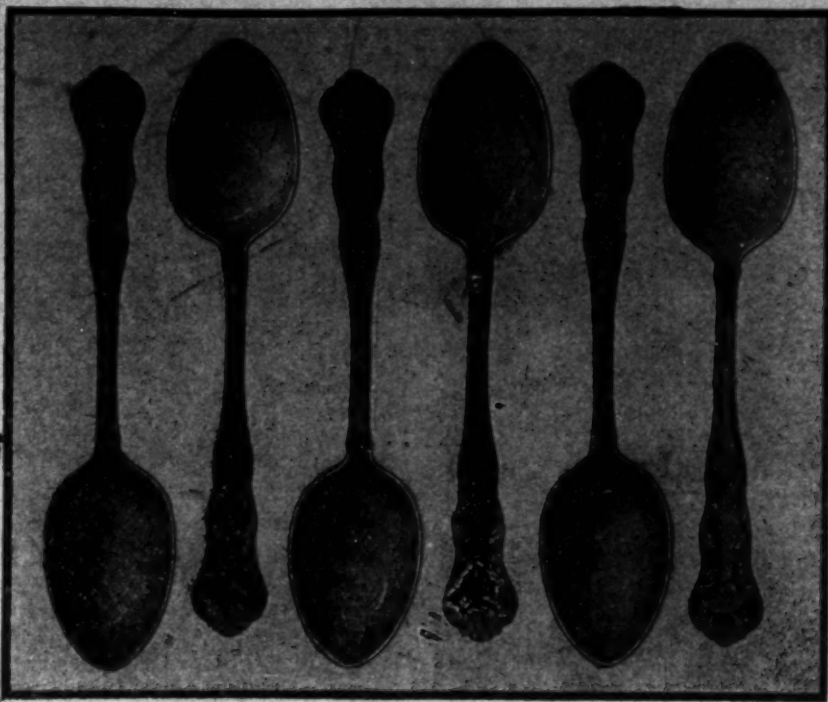
Psyche Knot a Life Saver.
Altoona, Pa.—Having washed and
dried her hair, Mary Housner, aged
twenty-two, did it up in a "Psyche
knot" and walked out on the front
porch. While she leaned against
the railing it gave way and she was
precipitated backward, head first,
ten feet to the sidewalk, alighting
on her head. The coiffure broke the
impact of her head against the rail-
stones, but she did not entirely es-
cape injury.

She suffered a slight concussion
of the brain, but recovered conscious-
ness a few hours later.

Old Age Common in Rochefort.
Paris, France.—Rochefort seems
to be a great town for longevity. In-
vestigation of the records reveals the
fact that during the last century
from January 1, 1801, to December
31, 1900, 144 persons in Rochefort
attained the age of 90 or over. Two
of these were centenarians, one
reaching the age of 107, and the
other dying at 108.

2 GREAT OFFERS

This Splendid Six-Piece Set of W. H. Rogers' Guaranteed
Silver Ware Free to the Washington Bee Subscribers.



Famous W. H. Rogers Brand Warranted Solid Silver Metal,
Beautifully Finished. No Plating to Wear Off.

SET OF SIX TEA SPOONS

Absolutely guaranteed by manufacturers to wear forever.
Solid silver metal throughout—they cannot tarnish.

Rogers Silverware needs no introduction to the American
public. For more than 50 years the standard, it is recognized the
world over as the very best there is made. The name Rogers
stamped on a piece of silverware represents the highest type of
skill and workmanship and material.

Unquestionably the Daintiest and—Acceptable Premium Ever
Ever Offered by Any Newspaper.

The Bee wishes to add two thousand new subscribers to its
circulation within the next three months, and to accomplish this
is offering these beautiful sets free to each person who will
bring or mail to The Bee office one new subscription paid one
year in advance.

Do not delay. Cut out this coupon and mail it today.

The Bee Publishing Co.,
Washington, D. C.

Enclosed herewith please find \$2.00, for which please send me
The Washington Bee for one year, and send me at once, free,
postage paid, one six-piece set of Rogers Solid Silver Metal
Spoons, as advertised.

Name
Address
Name
Address

Everybody get busy and take advantage of these splendid offers
made to old and new subscribers of The Bee alike.

The above shears and spoons supplied and guaranteed by the
HAMILTON SILVER CO. Factory B, Muncie, Indiana.

James F. Oyster

THE LEADING PLACE IN THE CITY FOR
BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS.
OYSTER'S BUTTER IS THE SWEETEST IN THE MAR-
KET. HIS CHEESE IS THE PUREST AND EGGS THE
FRESHEST.
SQUARE STANDS, CENTER MARKET, 5TH AND K
STREETS, NORTHWEST, AND RIGGS MARKET.
OFFICE
WHOLESALE DEALER AND SALESMAN, 900 AND 902
PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, NORTHWEST.

RICHARDSON'S DRUG STORE.

316 Four-and-a-half Street, S. W.
As usual, invites the public to visit
his

MAMMOTH STORE

Stocked with everything in the
Drug line. Easter offerings in ev-
ery design. Pure drugs. Pre-
scriptions carefully compounded.
RICHARDSON'S DRUG

Firemen in the Metropolis.

There are more firemen killed and
injured in the performance of their
duties in New York City than in any
other city in the world.

Long Lived Swan.

Among the birds the swan lives to
be the oldest, in extreme cases reach-
ing 300 years. The falcon has been
known to live over 162 years.

The Sawed Off.

Laplanders are the shortest peo-
ple in Europe, the men averaging
4 feet, 11 inches, the women 4 feet
9 inches.

The Bristol to Paddington (Eng-
land) express covers 118½ miles in
two hours.

Glass telephone poles reinforced
by wire are being used in some parts
of Germany.

High Priced Peaches.

A commission agent in the Paris
fruit markets recently shipped a
basket containing 63 selected peaches
to London. The price for the lot
was \$540, or about \$9 each.

The Telephone.

If all the bell telephones made
each year were blended into a sin-
gle instrument it would be nearly
300 miles high and weigh 4,000
tons.

Phonograph in Schools.

In some Viennese schools a pho-
nograph which repeats speeches as rec-
ited by eminent actors has been in-
troduced in order to teach the pu-
pils declamation.

The Sailors Tobacco.

Three hundred tons of tobacco are
distributed annually among the sail-
ors of the British navy. It is sold
to them at cost.

Postal Service in the Desert.

A new monthly postal service
across the Sahara has just been es-
tablished. The messengers are
mounted on camels.

A Big Sawmill.

Louisiana has a steel sawmill with
a capacity of 600,000 feet a day,
which is said to be the largest in the
country.

When terrified the ostrich will
travel 25 miles an hour.

This Offer of The Washington Bee Will Appeal Especially to
Women
SELF-TIGHTENING SHEARS

The Winner Louisiana Exposition Shears
If this pair of Shears breaks or in any way becomes defective
within five years from date of purchase, they will be replaced
with a new pair without cost
Hamilton Silver Co., Factory B, Muncie, Indiana.
Notice the Guarantee Given by The Hamilton Silver Co. Can
The Best Shears In The World



Come to our office, 1109 Eye Street, northwest, and see this
"Self-Tightening Shear." You never saw anything like it.

ABSOLUTELY FREE
HOW WHEN WHY To Get a Pair.

1—Bring us one NEW subscriber, paid one year in advance; or
three NEW subscribers, each paid three months in advance.

2—RIGHT NOW because this is an excellent offer and in all
probability our supply will soon be exhausted.

3—Because it costs you nothing—it is impossible to buy them
—if you could the Shears would cost you about \$1.50.

Do not delay. Cut out this coupon and mail it today.

The Washington Bee Publishing Co.,
1109 Eye Street, Washington, D. C.

Enclosed herewith please find \$2.00 for which please send me
for one year, The Washington Bee, and at once, free, postage
paid, one pair of Self-Tightening Shears, as advertised.

Name Address
Name Address
Name Address

James H. Winslow

UNDERTAKER AND PRACTICAL EMBALMER.
ALL WORK FIRST CLASS. TERMS MOST REASONABLE.
TWELFTH AND R STREETS, N. W.

J H DABNEY

FUNERAL DIRECTOR.
Hiring, Levery and Sale Stable.
Carriages hired for funerals, parties, balls, receptions, etc.
Horses and carriages kept in first-class style. Satisfaction guar-
anteed. Business at 1132 Third Street northwest. Main office branch
at 222 More street, Alexandria, Va.
Telephone for Office, Main 1727.
Telephone call for Stable, Main 1428-5.
OUR STABLES IN FREEMAN'S ALLEY.
Where I can accommodate 50 Horses.
Call and inspect our new and modern stable.
J. H. DABNEY, Prop., 1132 Third Street N. W.

W. Sidney Pittman Architect

RENDERING IN
MONOTONE, WATER COLOR
AND PEN & INK
PATENT DRAWING
DRAFTING, DETAILING, TRACING
BLUE PRINTING
STEEL CONSTRUCTION A SPECIALTY.
Phone: Main 6059-M. Office 494 Louisiana Ave., N. W.

Wm. Cannon,

1225 S. D., 1227 7th Street, N. W.
OLE DISTRIBUTOR OF OLD PUR SIM WHISKE

AWAITED DEATH IN DESERT.

Body of B. T. Pratt, Dead from
Hunger and Thirst, Found
in California.

Los Angeles, Cal.—"Water, if I
could only find water! I'm suffering
terribly from hunger. To-day I ate
some green brush, but I can't go any
more. I wonder how long it will
take to die."

These entries in the notebook of
B. T. Pratt, whose body was found
on the desert in Inyo county by two
prospectors, give pathetic evidence
of the suffering the man underwent
as he watched the approach of death
far from human habitation. The
diary also was found by G. W. Lewis
and S. E. Shattuck, the prospectors
while on a trip through the Argus
Mountains in Inyo county. Pratt had
been dead nearly two months. He
was evidently trying to reach the
mountains, where he knew he would
find food of a sort and water in
abundance, but within sight of his
refuge he gave out and could go no
further. Pratt was sixty years old.
The entries in the notebook were
scribbled and began only when the
man found he was in danger of dy-
ing.

"Food gave out to-day; guess I
can make Argus," was the entry for
August 3, seven days after he had
started to cross the desert. "Water
gone," told the story of the follow-
ing day.

For one whole day he went with-
out water or food, but maintained
an optimistic spirit, as is witnessed
by the following entry for August 6:

"Signs of water about half mile
ahead. There will be green stuff
there too. Will reach it early in
the morning." But evidently the
desert was playing tricks on him, as
it so often does by means of a mir-
age. Two days later came the two
entries quoted first. The last entry
reads:—

"I left Grapeville, Inyo county,
Cal., July 23. Tom Spratt told me
I would perish. I thought I could
make it, but got lost, so guess I
will have to give in. I have no
water, nothing to eat and can't walk.
I have brothers, C. H. Pratt, at Ban-
ner Springs, Wyandotte county,
Kan.; E. B. Pratt, in St. Louis, and
W. R. Pratt, Custer county, Wyo-
ming."

LONGEST AUTO FREIGHT LINE.

Cars Will Carry 27 Passengers and
10 Tons of Freight.

Spokane, Wash.—What is believed
to be the longest automobile freight
and passenger stage line on the con-
tinent is in operation between Oro-
ville and Brewster in Okanogan
County, Wash., connecting with a
steamer line to Wenatchee.

The line has two 60-horse power
cars, which will carry twenty-seven
passengers and ten tons of freight,
making the run of eighty miles in
eight hours. The trip by wagon oc-
cupies almost two days. Branch
lines will also be established to
other points in the Okanogan coun-
try. The other line is between Mar-
cus and Kettle Falls in Stevens
County, north of Spokane, connect-
ing with a steamer to Spokane Falls.

These cars will be of twenty-five
and thirty horse power, respectively.
F. L. Barney has charge of the auto-
mobile line, while Capt. Bruce A.
Griggs, a veteran river man, will
operate the steamer line.

HAS A RABBIT PLAGUE.

Bird Cottontails Destroy Crops on
California Ranches.

San Francisco, Cal.—Jack rabbits
are said to be so numerous in the
Antelope valley of California that
the ranchmen are in despair. The
animals are becoming so fierce that
they are actually breaking down the
fences around the adjacent fields and
eating crops down to the roots. Not
content with this, they are swarm-
ing into the desert towns and in-
vading front yards of the dwellers.

Citizens of Lancaster turned out
recently and made a round-up. They
put up a fence across the road be-
tween fences surrounding fields on
each side and in short time drove in
and killed with clubs five hundred
jack rabbits.

EAGLE KILLS A SHARK.

Ship's Crew Witness Desperate Fight
in Chesapeake Bay.

Baltimore.—A remarkable com-
bat between a large eagle and a
shark was witnessed recently by
Captain Henderson and the crew of
the steamer Tangier in Chesapeake
Bay. When coming out of Occoan-
nock Creek they saw the eagle dive
and come to the surface with a
shark. Then followed a fierce strug-
gle, the shark pulling the eagle un-
der the water until it was almost
exhausted. The fish was finally kil-
led and floated dead on the water.

Members of the steamer's crew
put off in a small boat and captured
the eagle, although it clawed them
repeatedly and its mate, hovering
close by, tried to attack them.

Shot an Albino Squirrel.

Marquette, Mich.—While hunting
near Grand Marais, Gustav Herbert
shot and killed an albino squirrel.
It has been presented to James
Cairns, of Grand Marais, and will be
mounted. Albino deer are occasion-
ally killed in upper Michigan, but
this is the first time of which there
is record that a white squirrel has
been bagged.

THE MARINER'S COMPASS

Influences That Draw It From Its Allegiance to the Magnetic Pole.

Nothing in the navigation equipment of a ship has been the subject of more anxious scientific research or receives more jealous care than the mariner's compass.

The popular notion of the compass needle always pointing north and south is—well, more inaccurate than even popular notions usually are. No more unfavorable position could be found for a compass than on board of a modern steamship, which is a complicated mass of steel, all tending to draw the compass needle from its allegiance to the magnetic pole of the earth, warring influences which must needs be counteracted by all sorts of devices which hedge round the instrument by an invisible wall of conflicting currents of magnetism.

And as if this were not enough, there are now huge dynamos to be reckoned with, producing electric currents for all sorts of purposes on board. In the midst of these mystic currents the poor little compass needle, upon which the mariner depends for his guide across the trackless deep, hangs suspended like one shrinking saint surrounded by legions of devils.—Windsor Magazine.

The Speed of Steamships.

The immense advances recently made in the power and speed of transatlantic steamships have not yet, in the opinion of Mr. J. J. O'Neill, a Scotch engineer, been carried to the limit. Addressing the Institution of Engineers and Shipbuilders in Scotland, Mr. O'Neill said that the lengths of the present liners warrant the belief that greater power can be obtained with the same dimensions, the present speeds with shorter lengths. Investigation shows that the variations of form involve relatively small gains, and Mr. O'Neill thinks that if the same attention had been devoted to the development of the screw propeller that has been given to the form of vessels greater advantages would have been secured.—Youth's Companion.

A Club for Dandy Dogs.

There has just been opened in one of London's fashionable streets a toilet club for dogs. Here the pets of the smart set can have their hair dressed and their coats trimmed to immaculate perfection. For three shillings they can be bathed. If their teeth are imperfect they can be stipped or extracted, and if their claws protrude too far they can be daintily manicured. Thus groomed according to the Mayfair mode, their coats put on, and their goggles attached, these exquisite creatures are taken for their afternoon ride.—London Tit-Bits.

Long Terms in Supreme Court.
Few members of the Supreme Court have exceeded the time Justice Harlan has served—thirty years. Justice Field served about thirty-five years, Chief Justice Marshall about thirty-four and a half years, Justice Bushrod Washington, thirty-one years, and Justice John McLean, thirty-two years.

Wise Horses.

A writer in the London Daily News, giving some experience during dense fogs, says he was once in a "bus which stopped suddenly on Waterloo Bridge in a fog. The driver urged the horses to move, but they would not, and when the conductor went to investigate, he found them looking over the parapet.

Silence the Healer.

The value of silence as a factor in healing cannot be over estimated, and, apart from consideration of health, it is a well-known truism that the one who talks the least usually accomplishes the most.—Health Record.

Automatic Cornet.

The increasing popularity of the self-playing piano has induced inventors to extend this style of music to other instruments. The most recent is an automatic sheet music cornet, patented by a Chicago man. Like the piano, the music is on a perforated roll.

An Ancient Industry.

The industry of flint-making still thrives in Brandon, England. The flints are sent to Africa and other countries where the guns of 100 years ago are still in active service.

Progressive Chinese.

The Chinese are getting interested in the method of raising water by means of windmills for irrigating purposes.

Hottentot Women.

Among the Hottentots women hold a better position than they do anywhere else in Africa. The married woman reigns supreme mistress.

Tact.

Tact is a wonderful invention. A man without tact is like an engine without oil.

The Nile contains a greater variety of fish than any other body of water.

Celluloid is a plastic material composed of gun cotton and camphor.

The average length of life of the Iceland is a little over 61 years.

LEGAL NOTICES.

WM. C. MARTIN, ATTORNEY
SUPREME COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA
HOLDING PROBATE COURT

No. 16046, Administration
This is to Give Notice:

That the subscriber, of the District of Columbia, has obtained from the Probate Court of the District of Columbia, Letters Testamentary on the estate of Henry Thompson, late of the District of Columbia, deceased. All persons having claims against the deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, on or before the 17th day of June, A. D., 1910, otherwise they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate.

Given under my hand this 17th day of June, 1909.

Caroline Thompson,
Goopd Hope, D. C.

Attest:
W. C. Taylor, Deputy Register of Wills for the District of Columbia.
Clerk of the Probate Court.
William C. Martin, Attorney.

OLD MADE NEW.

If you want your clothing cleaned, altered or repaired, you should send a card or call at the up-to-date repair establishment. All work guaranteed or money refunded.

J. C. Colvin,
Proprietor,
614 D street, northwest.

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DEAR SIR:—I have used only one bottle of your pomade and now I would not be without it. It makes my hair soft and straight and easy to comb and also gives a new growth.

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Ford's Hair Pomade

(Formerly known as Ozonized Ox Marrow)
Fifty years of success has proved its merit. The use of Ford's Hair Pomade makes stubborn, harsh, kinky or curly hair straight, soft and glossy and easy to comb, and arrange in any style desired consistent with its length. Removes and prevents dandruff, invigorates the scalp, stops the hair from falling out or breaking off and gives it new life and vigor. Absolutely harmless—used with splendid results even on the youngest children.

Delicately perfumed, its use is a pleasure, as ladies of refinement everywhere declare. Ford's Hair Pomade has imitators. Don't buy anything else alleged to be "just as good." If you want the best results, buy the best Pomade—it will pay you. Look for this name

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on every package.
If your druggist cannot supply you with the genuine, we will send you
One bottle regular size for - - \$1.50
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Six - - - - - 7.50
One bottle, small - - - - - .25
We pay postage and express charges to all points in U.S.A. When ordering send Postal or Express Money Order. All orders shipped promptly on receipt of price. Address:

The Ozonized Ox Marrow Co.,
121 East Kinzie St., Chicago, Ill.
FORD'S HAIR POMADE is made only in Chicago by the above firm.
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This crib is artistically designed, has woven wire springs and excellent white enamel. If you want the safest and best crib, by all means buy the Safety. Our

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Dr. Richardson, the Religious Show King, of moving pictures, having expended more than \$250.00 for fire-proof cabinet, automatic machine and electric fixtures, to satisfy the new



fire law, is now ready to make dates to show in all churches, with all new pictures. His name alone means success. Very liberal terms. Call or write, 2310 F street, northwest. Phone.

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Does it comb easily without breaking?
Is it straight?
Does it smooth out nicely?
Can you do it up in any of the charming styles, so it will stay, and make you proud of it?
Is it long and full of life?
If you cannot say YES to all of the above questions, then you need

Nelson's Hair Dressing

NELSON'S HAIR DRESSING is the finest hair pomade on the face of the earth for colored people. It makes your hair grow fast; it makes stubborn, kinky and tangled hair as soft and supple as silk. It makes it healthy. It keeps it from splitting or breaking off. It makes it rich and gives it that charm so longed for by all true ladies.

Use Nelson's Hair Dressing
Your head will keep clean. The roots of your hair will have the necessary amount of oil. You will never have scalp disease. You will be delighted with its delicate perfume.

Nelson's Hair Dressing is put up in handsome four-ounce square tin boxes, like the lady holds in her hand. Druggists and agents everywhere sell it at 25 cents a box. If you can't get it, send us 30 cents and we will mail you a full size box postpaid. Go and buy it now, or sit right down and write us. Address

NELSON MANUFACTURING CO., Richmond, Va.
Live Agents Wanted. Write Quick for Terms.

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YOU SHOULD DEAL ONLY WITH A HOUSE WITH AN ESTABLISHED REPUTATION.

Beginning modestly in 1884 the Arey Distillery has grown until today it is one of the largest in the country.

The name Arey is synonymous of all that is clean, honest and skillful—the very acme of the distiller's art.

The growth of the Arey Distillery was accompanied by no blare of trumpets—it has been quietly, modestly and steadily forging ahead through the sheer merit of its product.

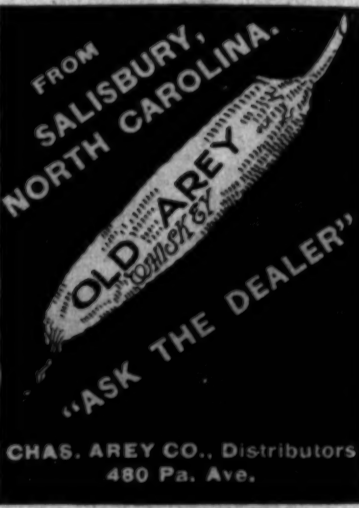
At first they employed the old primitive process of open kettle distillation—honest, but crude of course. But they were careful to adopt every invention tending to improve the quality of their product.

Hygienic safeguards, modern filters and the expert skill in selecting materials which comes only with years of painstaking and patient toil, today enables this distillery to make the finest "Old North Carolina Corn Whiskey" in the world.

The Arey brands are backed up by a reputation for honesty, for quality and for reliability gained by 25 years of square dealing.

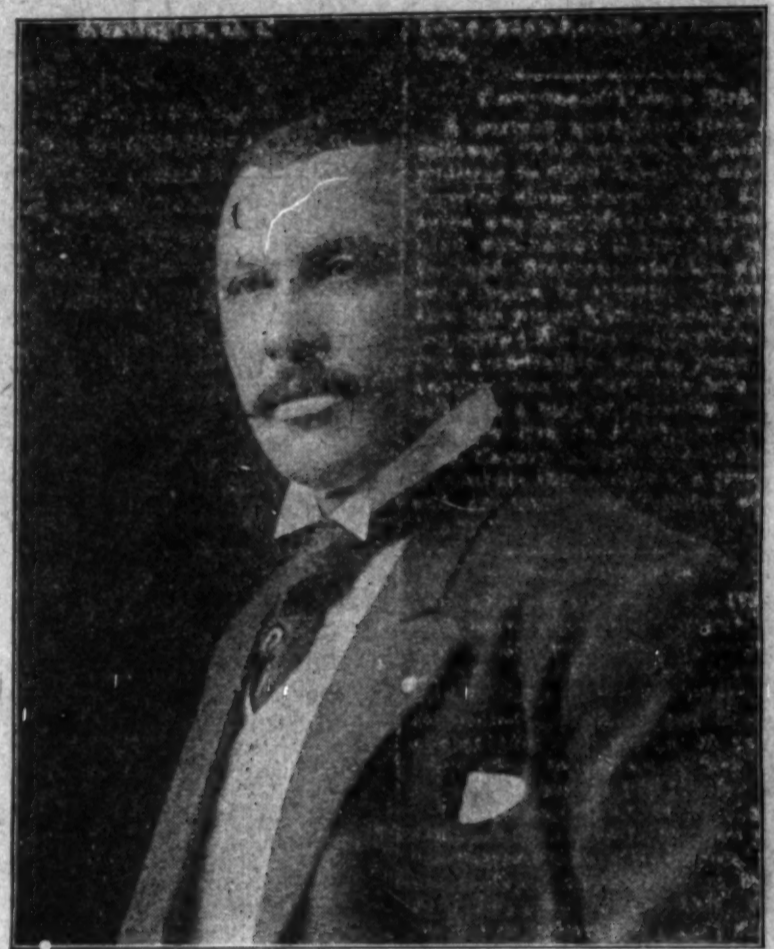
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